

Quadratic Equations Worksheet

Algebra

Grades 9 to 12

Skill Questions

| Name: | |
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| | |

1 Find the root(s) of the quadratic equation, $x^2 + 7x + 12 = 0$, which is graphed below.



2 Find the root(s) of the quadratic equation, $-x^2 + 9 = 0$, which is graphed below.



3 Find the solution(s) to the quadratic equation, $y = 2x^2$, which is graphed below.





$$2x^2 + x = 15$$







12 Tommy made a 4ft by 5ft rug. He decides to increase both sides by the same amount so that it has an area of 56 ft². Find the amount he increased both sides by.

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13 The product of two consecutive integers is 56. Find the numbers.

Answer

14 The product of two consecutive odd integers is 63. Find the numbers.

Answer

15 A ladder is resting against a wall. The top of the ladder touches the wall at a height of 12 feet. Find the distance from the wall to the bottom of the ladder if the length of the ladder is twice the distance from the bottom of the ladder to the wall.

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Answers

| Question number | Question | Answers | Standard |
|--------------------|---|--|--------------------------------------|
| 1 | Find the solution(s) of the quadratic equation, $y = x^2 + 7x + 12$, which is graphed below. | The solutions to the quadratic equation are $x = -4$ and $x = -3$ The solutions are the <i>x</i> -intercepts. | HSA.REI.B. 4b HSA.REI.B. 4a |
| 2 | Find the solution(s) of the quadratic equation, $y = -x^2 + 9$, which is graphed below. | The solutions to the quadratic equation are $x = 3$ and $x = -3$. The solutions are the x -intercepts. | HSA.REI.B. 4b HSA.REI.B. 4a |

| Question number | Question | Answers | Standard |
|--------------------|--|---|--------------------------------------|
| 3 | Find the solution(s) to the quadratic equation, $y = 2x^2$, which is graphed below. | The solution to the quadratic is $x = 0$. The solution is the x -intercept. | HSA.REI.B. 4b HSA.REI.B .4a |
| 4 | Find the solution to the quadratic equation by factoring. $x^2-x-30=0$ | $egin{aligned} x^2-x-30&=0\ (x-6)(x+5)&=0\ x-6&=0\ x+5&=0\ x&=6\ x&=-5 \end{aligned}$ | HSA.SSE.B .3a |
| 5 | Find the solution to the quadratic equation by factoring. $x^2+7x+15=5$ | $egin{aligned} x^2+7x+15&=5\ x^2+7x+10&=0\ (x+2)(x+5)&=0\ x+2&=0\ x+5&=0\ x&=-2\ x&=-5 \end{aligned}$ | HSA.SSE.B .3a |
| 6 | Find the solution to the quadratic equation by factoring. $2x^2+x=15$ | $2x^2 + x = 15$ $2x^2 + x - 15 = 0$ (2x - 5)(x + 3) = 0 2x - 5 = 0 $x + 3 = 02x = 5$ $x = -3x = \frac{5}{2}$ | HSA.SSE.B .3a |
| 7 | Find the solution to the quadratic equation by factoring. $-4x^2 - 8x - 3 = -3 - 5x^2$ | $egin{aligned} -4x^2-8x-3&=-3-5x^2\ x^2-8x&=0\ x(x-8)&=0\ x&=0\ x&=0\ x&=8 \end{aligned}$ | HSA.SSE.B. 3a |

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|--------------------|--|--|------------------|
| 8 | Solve the quadratic equation by factoring. $15p^2-4p=3-8p$ | $\begin{array}{l} 15p^2-4p=3-8p\\ 15p^2+4p-3=0\\ (5p+3)(3p-1)=0\\ 5p+3=0 3p-1=0\\ 5p=-3 3p=1\\ p=-\frac{3}{5} p=\frac{1}{3} \end{array}$ | HSA.SSE.B .3a |
| 9 | Solve the quadratic equation using the quadratic formula. 3x2-2x-2=0 | $a = 3 \ b = -2 \ c = -2$ $x = \frac{-b\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$ $x = \frac{-(-2) \pm \sqrt{(-2)^2 - 4(3)(-2)}}{2(3)}$ $x = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{4 + 24}}{6}$ $x = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{28}}{6}$ $x = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{28}}{6} \approx 1.22$ $x = \frac{2 - \sqrt{28}}{6} \approx -0.54$ | HSA.REI.B. 4b |
| 10 | Solve the quadratic equation. $5x^2 - 44x + 110 = -40 + 11x$ | $5x^{2} - 44x + 110 = -40 + 11x$ $5x^{2} - 55x + 150 = 0$ $5(x^{2} - 11x + 30) = 0$ $x^{2} - 11x + 30 = 0$ (x - 5)(x - 6) = 0 x - 5 = 0 x - 6 = 0 $x = 5 \qquad x = 6$ | HSA.SSE.B. 3a |

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|--------------------|--|---|------------------|
| 11 | The side of a square is $x + 1$ and the area is 121 units ² . Find the value of x . | Area = base x height (x + 1)(x + 1) = 121 $x^2 + 2x + 1 = 121$ $x^2 + 2x - 120 = 0$ (x - 10)(x + 12) = 0 x - 10 = 0 $x + 12 = 0x = 10$ $x = -12The value of x = 10because it will giveside lengths of 11. Thelength of the side of asquare cannot benegative so -12 is not asolution.$ | HSA.SSE.B .3a |
| 12 | Tommy made a 4ft by 5ft rug. He decides to increase both sides by the same amount so that it has an area of 56 ft ² . Find the amount he increased both sides by. | (4+x)(5+x) = 56 $20 + 9x + x^2 = 56$ $x^2 + 9x - 36 = 0$ (x-3)(x+12) = 0 x-3 = 0 $x + 12 = 0x = 3$ $x = -12Each side of the rugincreased by 3 ft.Length cannot benegative so -12 doesnot work in this case.$ | HSA.SSE.B .3a |

| Question number | Question | Answers | Standard |
|--------------------|---|---|------------------|
| 13 | The product of two consecutive integers is 56. Find the numbers. | x and x + 1 represent consecutive integers x(x + 1) = 56 $x^2 + x = 56$ $x^2 + x - 56 = 0$ (x + 8)(x - 7) = 0 x + 8 = 0 $x - 7 = 0x = -8$ $x = 7The integers are:-8 and -7OR7 and 8$ | HSA.SSE.B .3a |
| 14 | The product of two consecutive odd integers is 63. Find the numbers. | x and $x + 2$ represent the consecutive odd integers x(x + 2) = 63 $x^2 + 2x = 63$ $x^2 + 2x - 63 = 0$ (x + 9)(x - 7) = 0 x + 9 = 0 $x - 7 = 0x = -9$ $x = 7The integers are:-9 and -7OR7 and 9$ | HSA.SSE.B .3a |

| Question number | Question | Answers | Standard |
|--------------------|---|--|------------------|
| 15 | A ladder is resting against a wall. The top of the ladder touches the wall at a height of 12 feet. Find the distance from the wall to the bottom of the ladder if the length of the ladder is twice the distance from the bottom of the ladder to the wall. | 12 12 12 12 $12^{2} + x^{2} = (2x)^{2}$ $144 + x^{2} = 4x^{2}$ $144 = 3x^{2}$ $48 = x^{2}$ $x \approx 6.9ft$ | HSA.SSE.B .3a |

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