



THIRD SPACE  
LEARNING

# GCSE Exam Questions

Histograms | Statistics

GCSE Exam Questions: Histograms

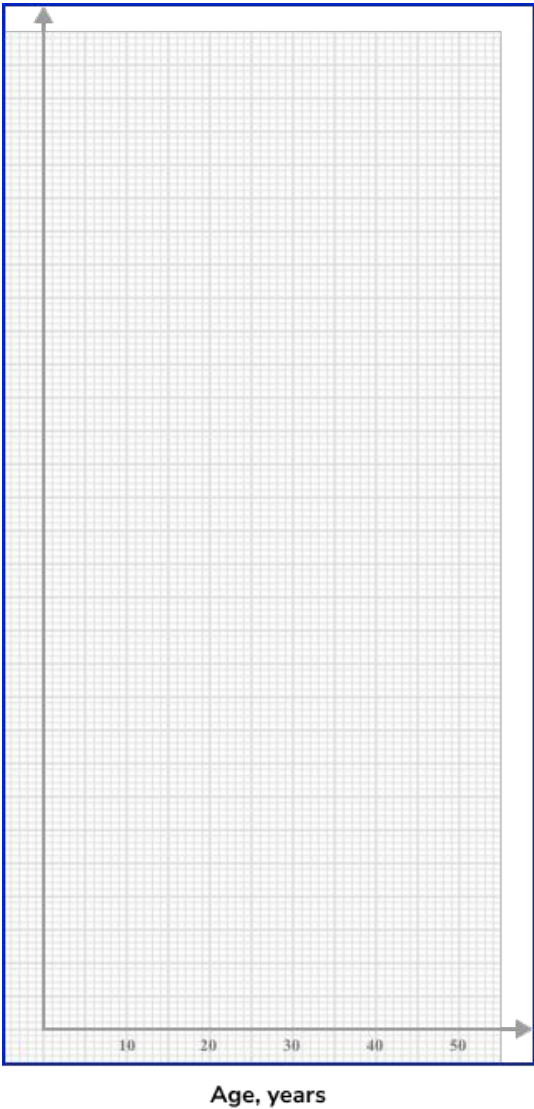
1) (a) The frequency table shows the ages of guests at a hotel.

Age, years	Frequency	Frequency Density
$0 \leq x < 5$	6	
$5 \leq x < 10$	13	
$10 \leq x < 20$	14	
$20 \leq x < 30$	15	
$30 \leq x < 50$	12	

Complete the frequency density column.

(3)

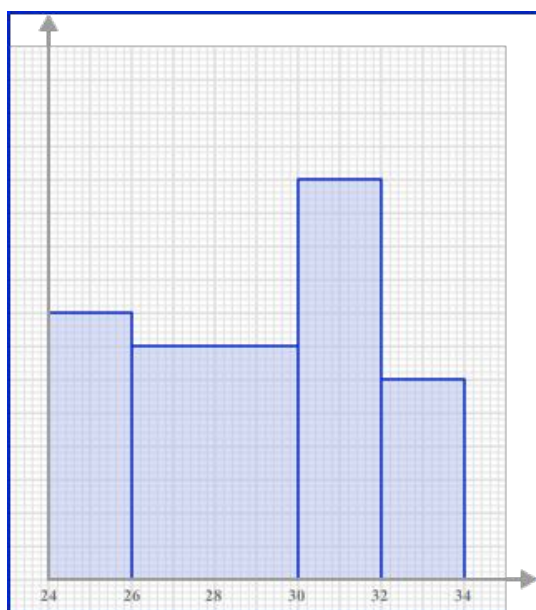
(b) Use the table to draw a histogram for the data.



(3)  
(6 marks)

## GCSE Exam Questions: Histograms

- 2) The histogram shows information about the mass of 20 new-born calves on a farm.

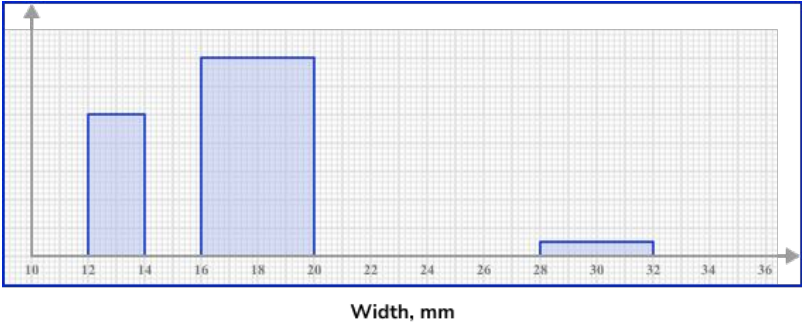


Use the histogram to estimate the number of calves with a mass of more than 31 *kg*.

-----  
(5 marks)

GCSE Exam Questions: Histograms

3) The widths of flowers in a garden were collected.  
An incomplete histogram and table is shown below.



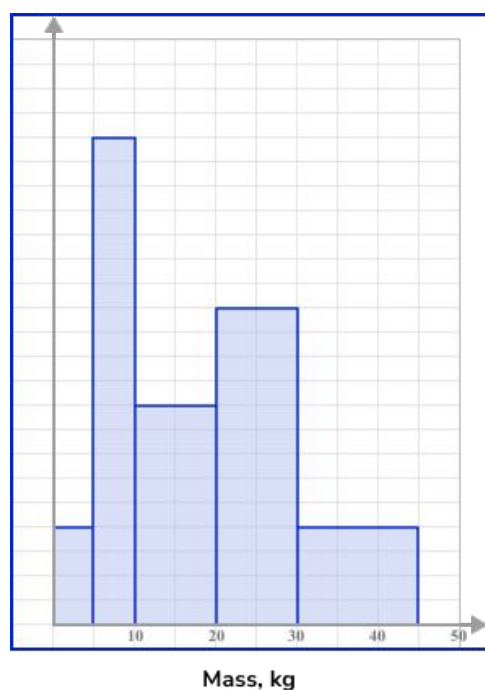
Width, mm	Frequency	Frequency Density
$12 \leq x < 14$		
$14 \leq x < 16$	9	
$16 \leq x < 20$	14	
$20 \leq x < 28$	4	
$28 \leq x < 32$		

Use the information provided to complete the histogram and table.

(5 marks)

## GCSE Exam Questions: Histograms

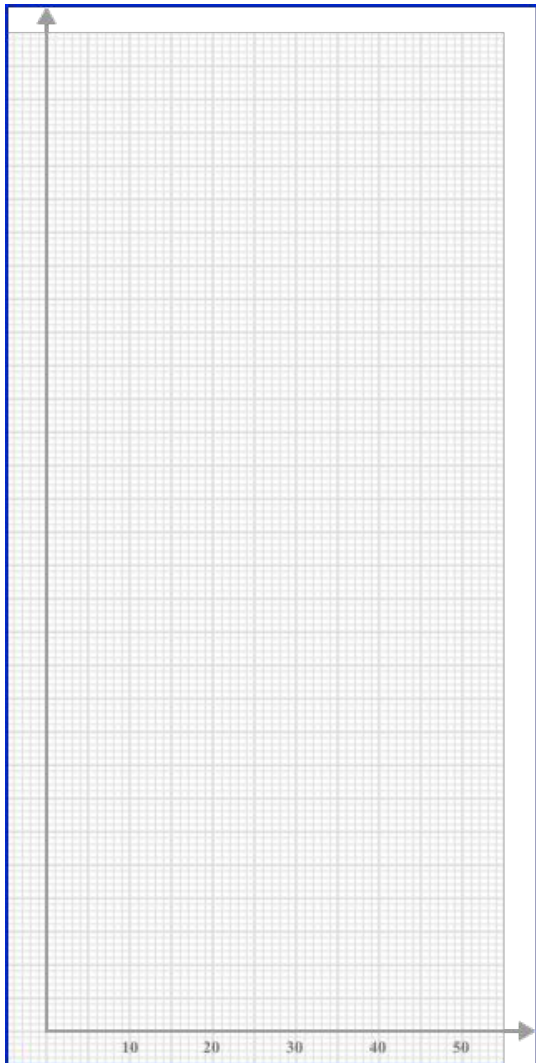
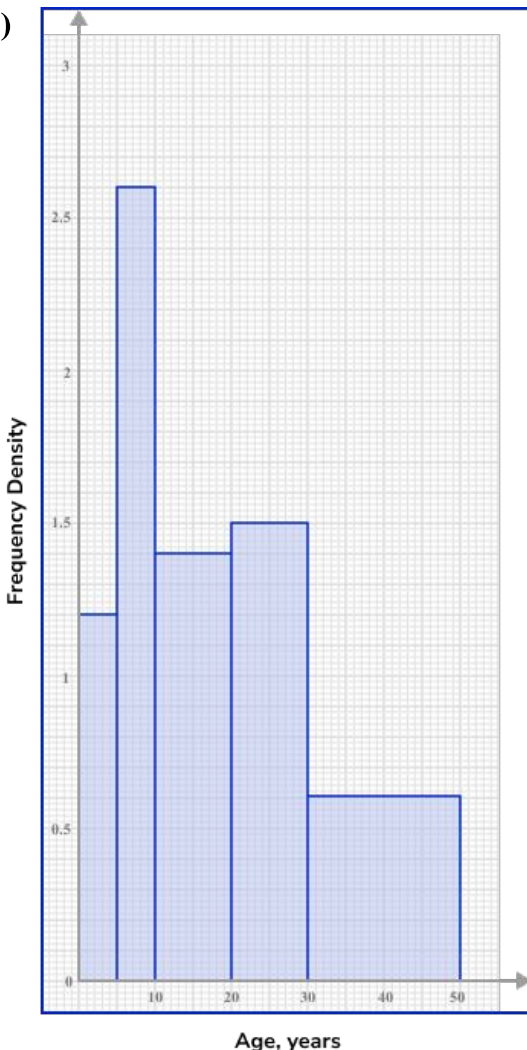
- 4) The histogram shows information about the mass of stones in a field.



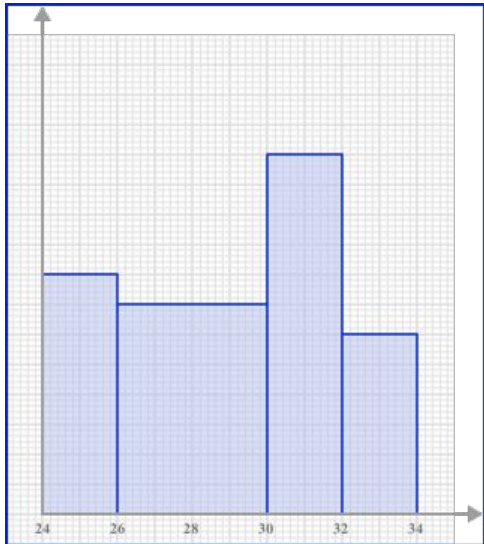
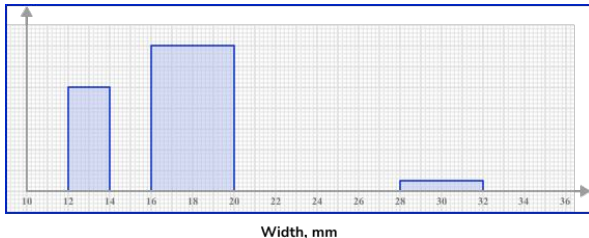

Use the histogram to estimate the interquartile range.

-----  
(6 marks)

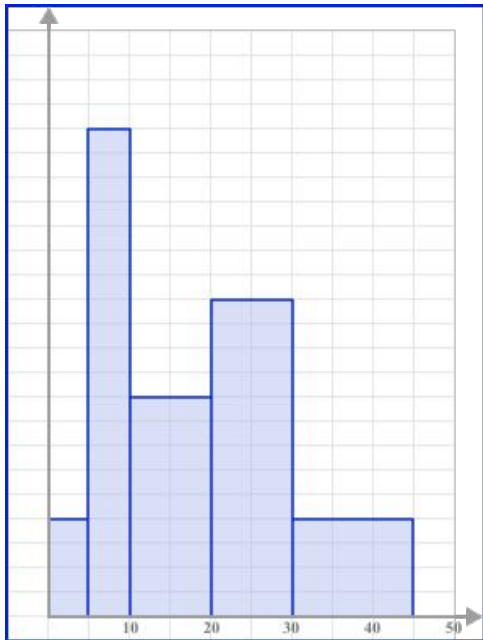
# GCSE Exam Questions: Histograms Answers

	Question	Answer	Marks																																				
1) (a)	<p>The frequency table shows the ages of guests at a hotel.</p> <table><thead><tr><th>Age, years</th><th>Frequency</th><th>Frequency Density</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td><math>0 \leq x &lt; 5</math></td><td>6</td><td></td></tr><tr><td><math>5 \leq x &lt; 10</math></td><td>13</td><td></td></tr><tr><td><math>10 \leq x &lt; 20</math></td><td>14</td><td></td></tr><tr><td><math>20 \leq x &lt; 30</math></td><td>15</td><td></td></tr><tr><td><math>30 \leq x &lt; 50</math></td><td>12</td><td></td></tr></tbody></table> <p>Complete the frequency density column.</p>	Age, years	Frequency	Frequency Density	$0 \leq x < 5$	6		$5 \leq x < 10$	13		$10 \leq x < 20$	14		$20 \leq x < 30$	15		$30 \leq x < 50$	12		<p>(a)</p> <table><thead><tr><th>Age, years</th><th>Frequency</th><th>Frequency Density</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td><math>0 \leq x &lt; 5</math></td><td>6</td><td>1.2</td></tr><tr><td><math>5 \leq x &lt; 10</math></td><td>13</td><td>2.6</td></tr><tr><td><math>10 \leq x &lt; 20</math></td><td>14</td><td>1.4</td></tr><tr><td><math>20 \leq x &lt; 30</math></td><td>15</td><td>1.5</td></tr><tr><td><math>30 \leq x &lt; 50</math></td><td>12</td><td>0.6</td></tr></tbody></table> <p>At least 1 Frequency Density correct 3 Frequency Densities correct All Frequency Densities correct</p>	Age, years	Frequency	Frequency Density	$0 \leq x < 5$	6	1.2	$5 \leq x < 10$	13	2.6	$10 \leq x < 20$	14	1.4	$20 \leq x < 30$	15	1.5	$30 \leq x < 50$	12	0.6	<p>(1) (1) (1)</p>
	Age, years	Frequency	Frequency Density																																				
$0 \leq x < 5$	6																																						
$5 \leq x < 10$	13																																						
$10 \leq x < 20$	14																																						
$20 \leq x < 30$	15																																						
$30 \leq x < 50$	12																																						
Age, years	Frequency	Frequency Density																																					
$0 \leq x < 5$	6	1.2																																					
$5 \leq x < 10$	13	2.6																																					
$10 \leq x < 20$	14	1.4																																					
$20 \leq x < 30$	15	1.5																																					
$30 \leq x < 50$	12	0.6																																					
(b)	<p>Use the table to draw a histogram for the data.</p> 	<p>(b)</p>  <p>Frequency Density used for vertical scale 3 bars correct All bars correct</p>	<p>(1) (1) (1)</p>																																				

# GCSE Exam Questions: Histograms Answers

	Question	Answer	Marks																																				
2)	<p>The histogram shows information about the mass of 20 newborn calves on a farm.</p>  <p>Use the histogram to estimate the number of caves with a mass of more than 31kg.</p>	<p>Attempt to find “areas” of bars</p> <p>Frequency (30 - 32) = 6</p> <p>Frequency (32 - 34) = 3</p> <p>Frequency (31 - 32) = 3</p> <p>6</p>	<p>(1)</p> <p>(1)</p> <p>(1)</p> <p>(1)</p> <p>(1)</p>																																				
3)	<p>The widths of flowers in a garden were collected. An incomplete histogram and table is shown below.</p>  <table><thead><tr><th>Width, mm</th><th>Frequency</th><th>Frequency Density</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td><math>12 \leq x &lt; 14</math></td><td></td><td></td></tr><tr><td><math>14 \leq x &lt; 16</math></td><td>9</td><td></td></tr><tr><td><math>16 \leq x &lt; 20</math></td><td>14</td><td></td></tr><tr><td><math>20 \leq x &lt; 28</math></td><td>4</td><td></td></tr><tr><td><math>28 \leq x &lt; 32</math></td><td></td><td></td></tr></tbody></table> <p>Use the information provided to complete the histogram and table.</p>	Width, mm	Frequency	Frequency Density	$12 \leq x < 14$			$14 \leq x < 16$	9		$16 \leq x < 20$	14		$20 \leq x < 28$	4		$28 \leq x < 32$			 <table><thead><tr><th>Width, mm</th><th>Frequency</th><th>Frequency Density</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td><math>12 \leq x &lt; 14</math></td><td>5</td><td>2.5</td></tr><tr><td><math>14 \leq x &lt; 16</math></td><td>9</td><td>4.5</td></tr><tr><td><math>16 \leq x &lt; 20</math></td><td>14</td><td>3.5</td></tr><tr><td><math>20 \leq x &lt; 28</math></td><td>4</td><td>0.5</td></tr><tr><td><math>28 \leq x &lt; 32</math></td><td>1</td><td>0.25</td></tr></tbody></table> <p>Frequency density (16 - 20) = 3.5</p> <p>Correctly label vertical axis</p> <p>All frequency density values correct</p> <p>All frequency values correct</p> <p>Remaining bars correctly drawn</p>	Width, mm	Frequency	Frequency Density	$12 \leq x < 14$	5	2.5	$14 \leq x < 16$	9	4.5	$16 \leq x < 20$	14	3.5	$20 \leq x < 28$	4	0.5	$28 \leq x < 32$	1	0.25	<p>(1)</p> <p>(1)</p> <p>(1)</p> <p>(1)</p> <p>(1)</p>
Width, mm	Frequency	Frequency Density																																					
$12 \leq x < 14$																																							
$14 \leq x < 16$	9																																						
$16 \leq x < 20$	14																																						
$20 \leq x < 28$	4																																						
$28 \leq x < 32$																																							
Width, mm	Frequency	Frequency Density																																					
$12 \leq x < 14$	5	2.5																																					
$14 \leq x < 16$	9	4.5																																					
$16 \leq x < 20$	14	3.5																																					
$20 \leq x < 28$	4	0.5																																					
$28 \leq x < 32$	1	0.25																																					

# GCSE Exam Questions: Histograms Answers

	Question	Answer	Marks
4)	<p>The histogram shows information about the mass of stones in a field.</p>  <p>Mass, kg</p> <p>Use the histogram to estimate the interquartile range.</p>	<p>Total area/frequency found e.g. 70</p> <p><math>\frac{8}{10}</math> of 2<sup>nd</sup> group = LQ</p> <p><math>\frac{9}{13}</math> or <math>\frac{4}{13}</math> of 4<sup>th</sup> group = UQ</p> <p>LQ = 9</p> <p>UQ = 26.9</p> <p>IQR = UQ - LQ = 17.9kg</p>	<p>(1)</p> <p>(1)</p> <p>(1)</p> <p>(1)</p> <p>(1)</p> <p>(1)</p>



# Where to go next?

For more diagnostic questions, and GCSE maths revision resources and worksheets to support students in fixing any misconceptions take a look at the free Third Space Learning [GCSE maths revision](#) pages.

Scan the QR code to discover our library of FREE GCSE maths revision resources

## Do you have KS4 students who need additional support in maths?



Our specialist tutors will help students to develop the skills they need to succeed at GCSE in weekly one to one online revision lessons. Trusted by secondary schools across the UK.

Visit [thirdspacelearning.com](https://thirdspacelearning.com) to find out more.