



THIRD SPACE
LEARNING

GCSE Exam Questions

Compound Interest | Number

GCSE Exam Questions: Compound Interest

- 1) Investment A: Save £200 per month for 2 years. 3.7% interest added to the total amount saved.

Investment B: Invest £4200

Compound interest of 9% per year.

After 2 years, how much more is investment B than A?

(4 marks)

- 2) (a) David buys a second hand car for £8000.

The car depreciates in value by 12% per year, compound interest.

Which calculation works out the total value of the car after 5 years?

$$8000 \times 12 \times 5$$

$$8000 \times 0.88 \times 5$$

$$8000 \times 1.12^5$$

$$8000 \times 0.88^5$$

(1)

- (b) After 5 years, he sells the car for £4500.

How much profit does David make compared to the expected value of the car at this time?

(1)

(2 marks)

- 3) (a) The population of flamingos in a lake is 2300.

The population grows by 3.2% per year.

What is the population after 5 years?

(2)

- (b) How many years will it be before the population surpasses 3200?

(2)

(4 marks)

GCSE Exam Questions: Compound Interest

- 4) (a) On the 6th April 2018, Reuben invested some money in a bank account. The bank pays 1.6% compound interest per year.

On the 6th April 2019, Reuben withdrew £300 from the account.

On the 6th April 2020, Reuben had £727.46 in the account.

How much money did Reuben originally invest in the account?

(4)

- (b) If Reuben left the account to gain interest for a further 3 years, how much money would Reuben expect to have invested if the interest rate does not change?

(2)
(6 marks)

GCSE Exam Questions: Compound Interest Answers

	Question	Answer	Marks
1)	Investment A: Save £200 per month for 2 years. 3.7% interest added to the total amount saved.	Investment A: $200 \times 24 \times 1.037$ or £4977.60	(1)
	Investment B: Invest £4200	4200×1.09^2	(1)
	Compound interest of 9% per year.	£4990.02	(1)
	After 2 years, how much more is investment B than A?	$4990.02 - 4977.42 = £12.42$	(1)
2) (a)	David buys a second hand car for £8000. The car depreciates in value by 12% per year, compound interest. Which calculation works out the total value of the car after 5 years? $8000 \times 12 \times 5$ $8000 \times 0.88 \times 5$ 8000×1.12^5 8000×0.88^5	8000×0.88^5	(1)
2) (b)	After 5 years, he sells the car for £4500. How much profit does David make compared to the expected value of the car at this time?	£278.14	(1)
3) (a)	The population of flamingos in a lake is 2300.	$2300 \left(1 + \frac{3.2}{100}\right)^5$	(1)
	The population grows by 3.2% per year. What is the population after 5 years?	2692	(1)
3) (b)	How many years will it be before the population surpasses 3200?	$2300 \times 1.032^{11} \text{ oe}$	(1)
		11 years	(1)
4) (a)	On the 6th April 2018, Reuben invested some money in a bank account. The bank pays 1.6% compound interest per year.	$727.46 \div 1.016$	(1)
		$= 716.003937$	
	On the 6th April 2019, Reuben withdrew £300 from the account.	$716 + 300 = 1016.003937$	(1)
	On the 6th April 2020, Reuben had £727.46 in the account.	$1016.003937 \div 1.016$	(1)
		$= 1000.003875$	(1)
	How much money did Reuben originally invest in the account?	$= £1000$	
4) (b)	If Reuben left the account to gain interest for a further 3 years, how much money would Reuben expect to have invested if the interest rate does not change?	727.46×1.016^3	(1)
		762.939749 £762.94	(1)

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