

#### Skill

#### **Group A - Plotting simple quadratic graphs**

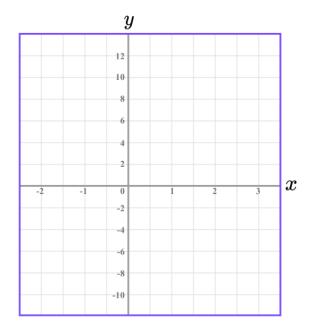
Complete the table of values and plot the graph on the axes provided:

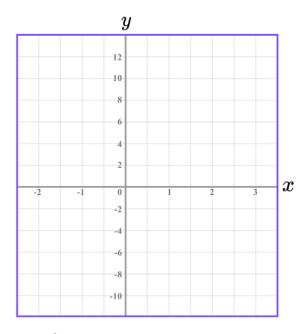
1) 
$$y = x^2$$

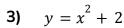
$\overline{x}$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y							

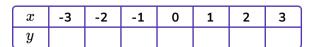
٠.			2		_
2)	y	=	$\boldsymbol{x}$	+	1

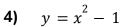
$\int x$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y							



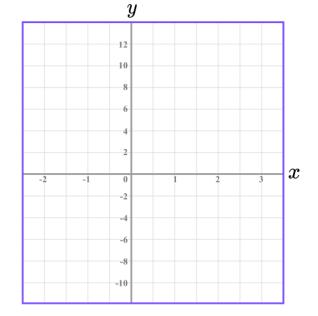


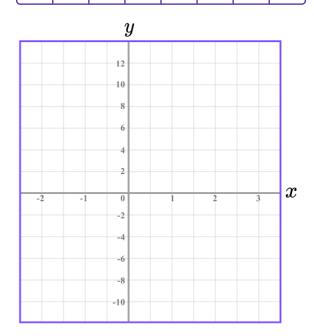






x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y							







2

3

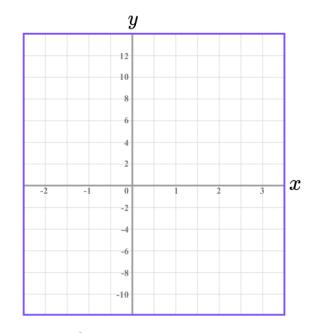
## **Plotting Quadratic Graphs - Worksheet**

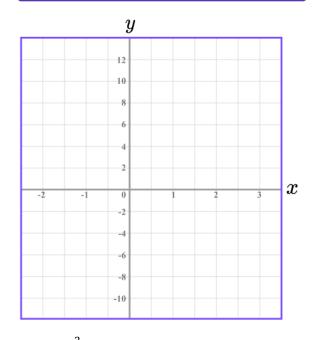
5) 
$$y = x^2 - 2$$

$\overline{x}$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y							

<b>~</b> `			2		_
6)	y	=	$\boldsymbol{x}$	_	3

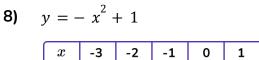
	x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
Г	y							



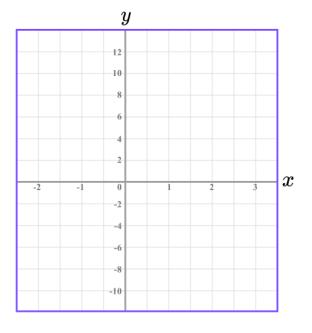


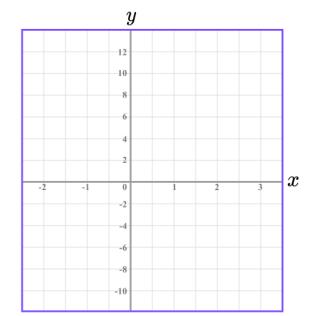
7) 
$$y = -x^2$$

$\boldsymbol{x}$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y							



y





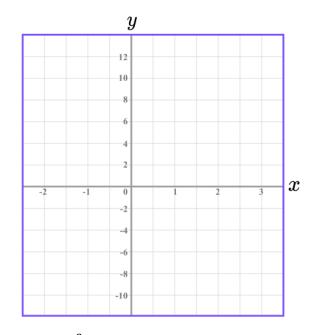


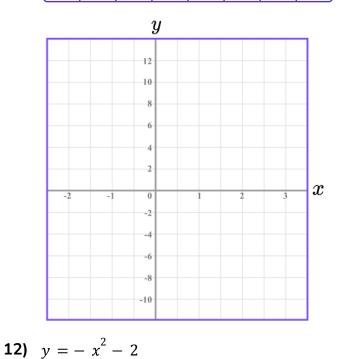
9) 
$$y = -x^2 + 2$$

$\overline{x}$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y							

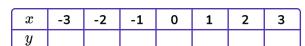
4 -				2		_
10	) y	=	_	$\boldsymbol{x}$	+	3

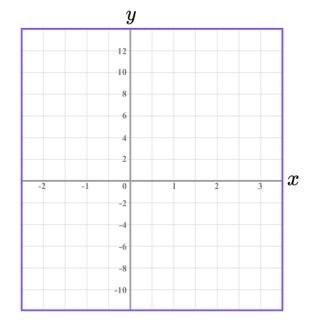
x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y							

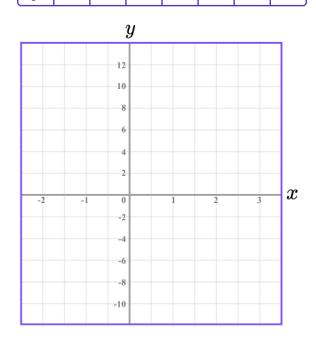




**11)** 
$$y = -x^2 - 1$$









#### Group B - Plotting quadratic graphs

Complete the table of values and plot the graph on the axes provided:

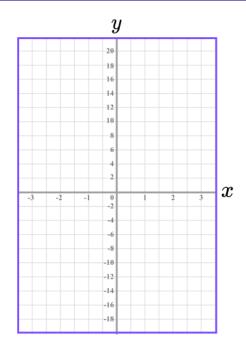
1) 
$$y = x^2 + x$$

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y							

2)	y	=	$x^2$	+	2x
-	_			-	

$\bigcap x$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y							

			i	Į				
			20					
			18					1
			16					1
			14					1
			12					1
			10					1
			-8					1
			-6					1
			4					1
			2					1
-3	-2	-1	0	-	1	2	3	$\boldsymbol{x}$
			-2			-Ĩ-	- 1	1
			-4					1
			-6					1
			-8					1
			-10					1
			-12					1
			-14					1
			-16					1
			-18					1

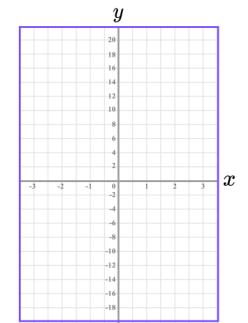


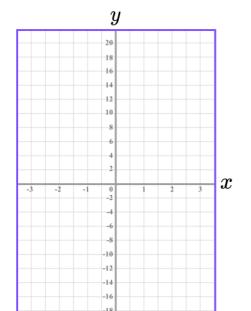
3) 
$$y = x^2 + 3x$$

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y							

4) 
$$y = x^2 - x$$

$\bigcap x$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y							





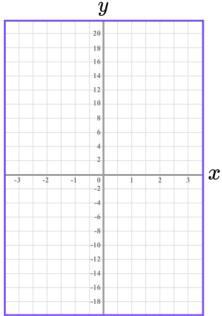


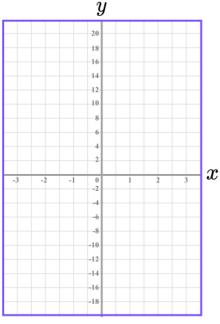
 $y = x^2 - 2x$ 5)

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y							

6)  $y = x^2 - 3x$ 

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y							



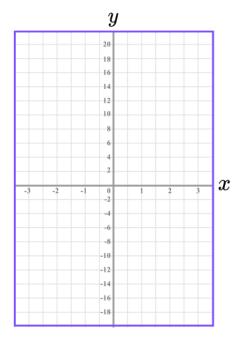


7)  $y = -x^2 + x$ 

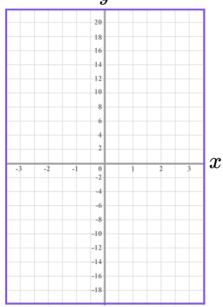
x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y							

8)

$$y = -x^{2} + 2x$$
 $x -3 -2 -1 0 1 2 3$ 
 $y$ 



y





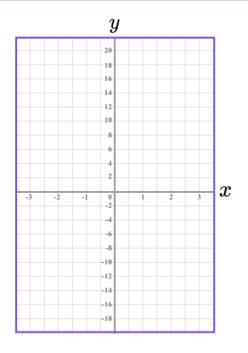
9) 
$$y = -x^2 + 3x$$

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y							

**10)** 
$$y = -x^2 - x$$

$\int x$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y							

			y				
			20				
			18				-
			16				-
			14				-
			12				-
			10				-
			8				-
			-6				-
			4				-
			2				-
-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	$\boldsymbol{x}$
-		-1	-2	-	1	1	-
			-4				-
			-6				-
			-8				-
			-10				-
			-12				-
			-14				-
			-16				-
			-18				-
							1

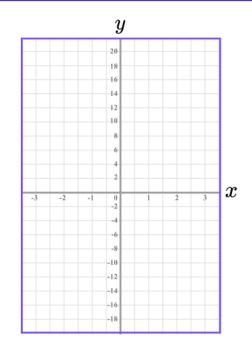


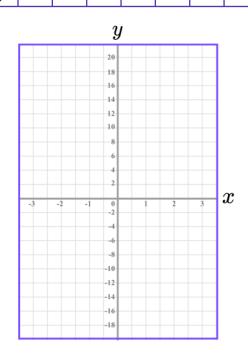
**11)** 
$$y = -x^2 - 2x$$

$\boldsymbol{x}$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
u							

**12)** 
$$y = -x^2 - 3x$$

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
u							







#### Group C - Plotting more complicated quadratic graphs

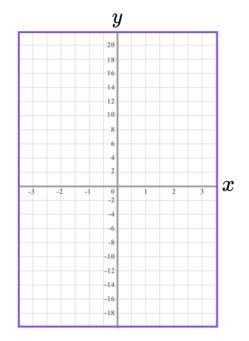
Complete the table of values and plot the graph on the axes provided:

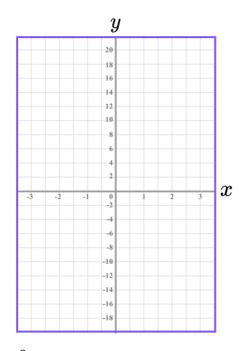
1) 
$$y = x^2 + x - 4$$

	x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
Γ	y							

٥,			2				_
2)	y	=	$x^2$	+	$\boldsymbol{x}$	_	3

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y							



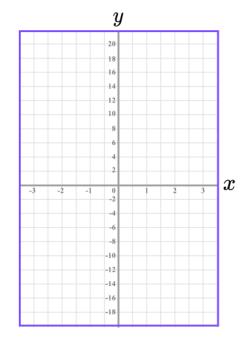


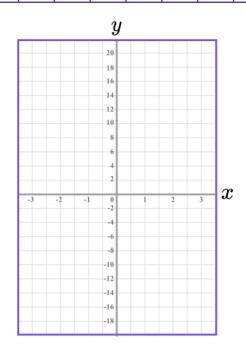
3) 
$$y = x^2 + x - 1$$

$\boldsymbol{x}$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y							

**4)** 
$$y = x^2 + 2x - 4$$

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y							







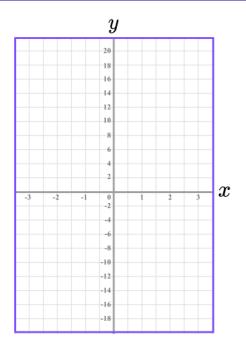
**5)** 
$$y = x^2 + 2x - 3$$

$\overline{x}$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y							

<b>~</b> \			2		_		
6)	y	=	$\boldsymbol{x}$	+	2x	_	1

	x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
Г	y							

			y				
			20				
			18				ı
			16				1
			14				ı
			12				1
			10				ı
			- 8				1
			- 6				1
			4				1
			2				ı
-3	-2	-1	0 -2	1	2	3	$\boldsymbol{x}$
			-4				1
			-6				ı
			-8				ı
			-10				1
			-12				1
			-14				
			-14				
			-16				

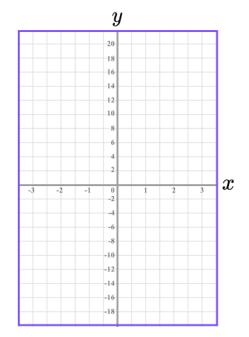


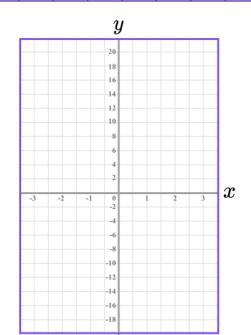
7) 
$$y = x^2 + 3x - 4$$

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y							

8) 
$$y = x^2 + 3x - 3$$

	$\overline{x}$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
ĺ	y							







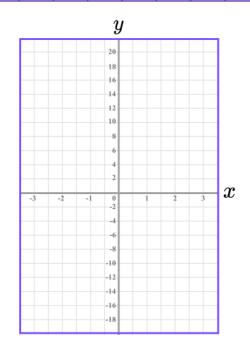
9) 
$$y = x^2 + 3x - 1$$

$\overline{x}$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y							

10)	<i>y</i> =	$2x^2$	+	x	_	4
,	y			20		•

$\overline{x}$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y							

			y				_
			20				-
			18				1
			16				1
			14				1
			12				1
			10				1
			- 8				1
			6				1
			4				1
			2				-
-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	$\boldsymbol{x}$
-	H		-2	+	+		1
			-4				1
			-6				1
			-8				1
			-10				-
			-12				1
			-14				-
			-16				1
			-18				1
							_

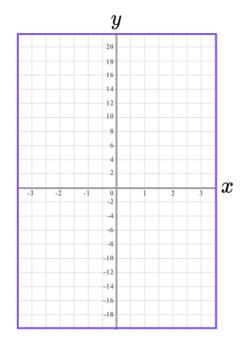


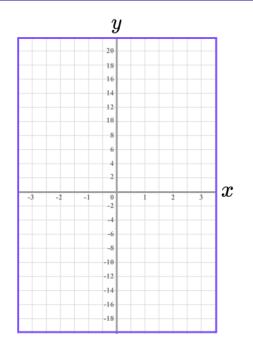
**11)** 
$$y = 2x^2 + x - 3$$

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
u							

**12)** 
$$y = 2x^2 + x - 1$$

$\int x$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y							

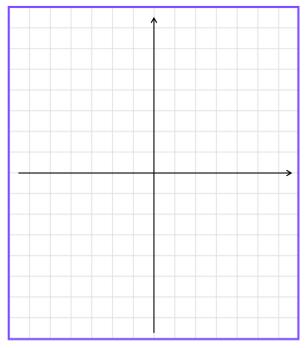




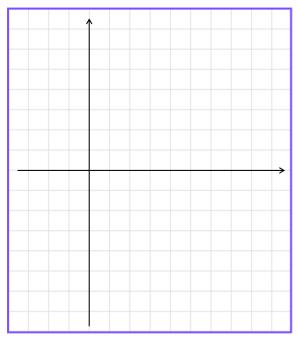


#### **Applied**

1) Draw the graph of  $y = x^2 + 4x - 10$ , for the values of x from -3 to 3, on the grid below.



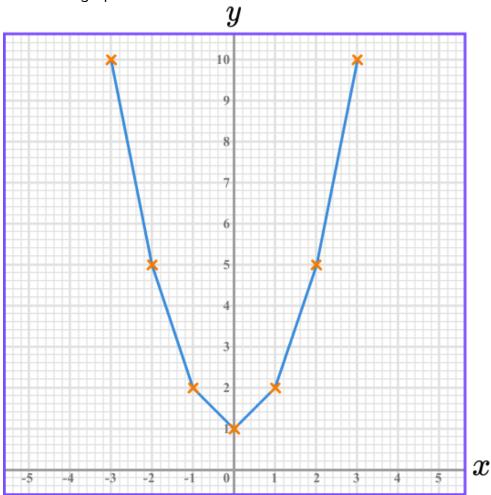
- 2) (a) Complete a table of values for y = (x 2)(x 3) for the values of x from -1 to 4.
  - **(b)** Complete a table of values for y = (3 x)(x + 1) for the values of x from -1 to 4.
  - (c) Draw both graphs on the grid for the values of x from -1 to 4.





**3)** Robert has drawn the graph of  $y = x^2 + 1$ .

Here is his graph.



Make one criticism of Robert's graph.



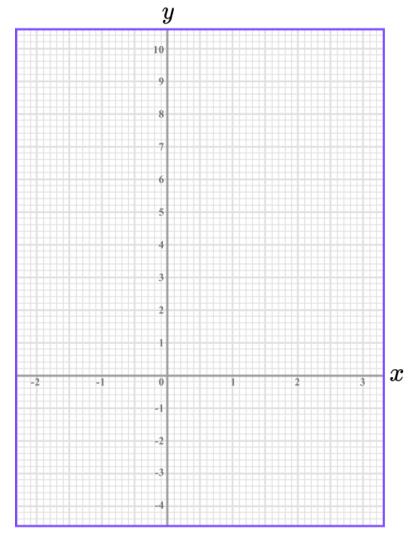
### **Plotting Quadratic Graphs - Exam Questions**

1) (a) Complete the table of values for  $y = x^2 - 3$ .

x	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	1			-2		

**(2)** 

**(b)** On the grid, draw the graph of  $y = x^2 - 3$  for the values of x from -2 to 3.



**(2)** 

(c) Use your graph to find the minimum value of y.

(1)

(5 marks)



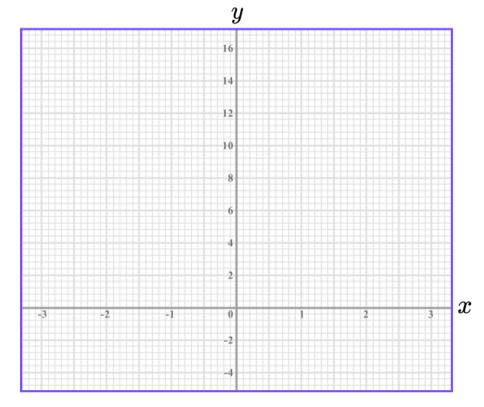
**(2)** 

#### **Plotting Quadratic Graphs - Exam Questions**

2) (a) Complete the table of values for  $y = x^2 + 2x - 1$ .

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	2			-1			14

**(b)** On the grid, draw the graph of  $y = x^2 + 2x - 1$  for the values of x from -2 to 3.



**(2)** 

(c) Use your graph to identify the roots of the equation  $x^2 + 2x - 1 = 0$ 

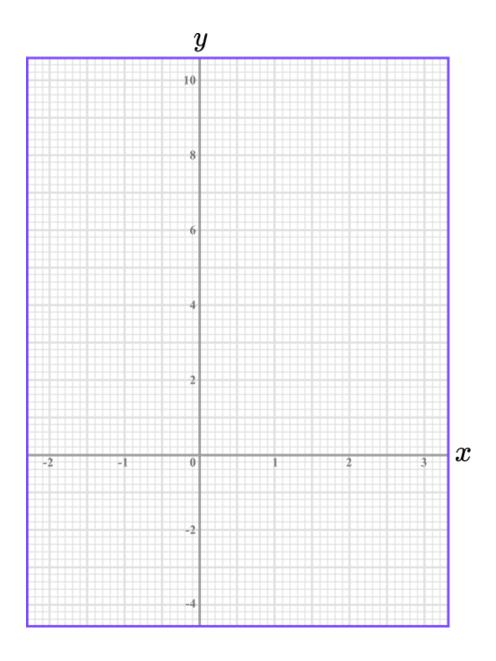
(2)

(6 marks)



### **Plotting Quadratic Graphs - Exam Questions**

On the grid, draw the graph of  $y = x^2 - 3x - 1$ .



(3 marks)



	Question	An	swer
	Skill Questions		
Group A	Complete the table of values and plot the graph on the axes provided:		
	$1) y = x^2$	1)	$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$
	<b>2)</b> $y = x^2 + 1$	2)	x         -3         -2         -1         0         1         2         3           y         10         5         2         1         2         5         10
	<b>3)</b> $y = x^2 + 2$	3)	$egin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$

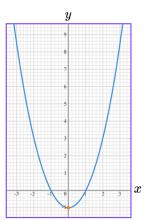


Group A contd

**4)** 
$$y = x^2 - 1$$

4)

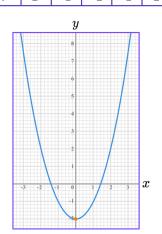
x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	8	3	0	-1	0	3	8



			2		_
5)	y	=	$\boldsymbol{x}$	_	2

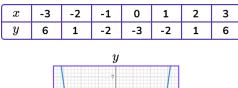
5)

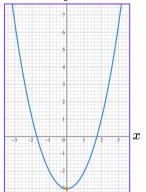
$\boldsymbol{x}$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	
y	7	2	-1	-2	-1	2	7	



**6)**  $y = x^2 - 3$ 





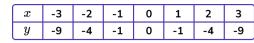


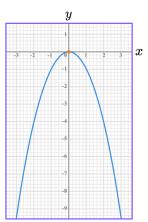


Group A contd

**7)** 
$$y = -x^2$$

7)

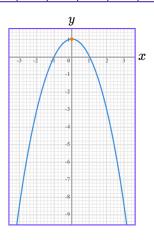




				2		
8)	y	=	_	$\boldsymbol{x}$	+	1

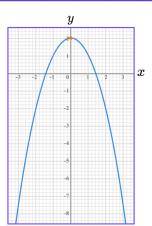
8)

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	-8	-3	0	1	0	-3	-8



 $9) \ y = -x^2 + 2$ 

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	-7	-2	1	2	1	-2	-7



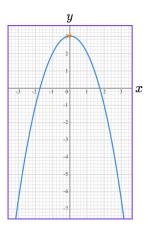


Group A contd

**10)** 
$$y = -x^2 + 3$$

10)

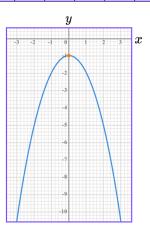
x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	-6	-1	2	3	2	-1	-6



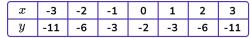
**11)**  $y = -x^2 - 1$ 

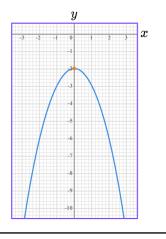
11)

)	x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
	y	-10	-5	-2	-1	-2	-5	-10



**12)**  $y = -x^2 - 2$ 





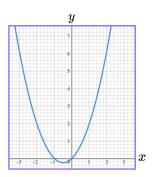


Group B

Complete the table of values and plot the graph on the axes provided:

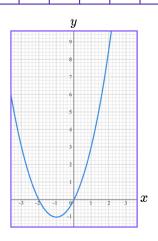
**1)** 
$$y = x^2 + x$$

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	6	2	0	0	2	6	12



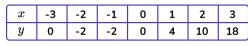
**2)** 
$$y = x^2 + 2x$$

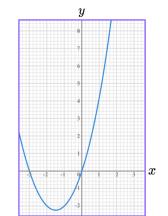
x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	3	0	-1	0	3	8	15



			2		
31	17	=	γ <sup>∠</sup>	+	31









Group B

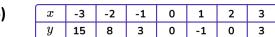
**4)** 
$$y = x^2 - x$$

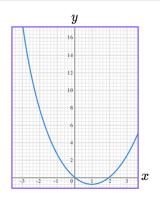
4)

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	12	6	2	0	0	2	6

**5)** 
$$y = x^2 - 2x$$

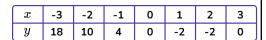
5)

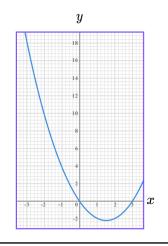




**6)**  $y = x^2 - 3x$ 







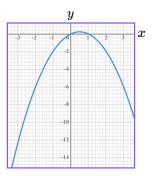


Group B contd

**7)** 
$$y = -x^2 + x$$

7)

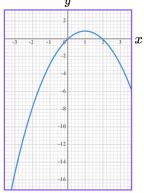
ĺ	$\boldsymbol{x}$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
l	y	-12	-6	-2	0	0	-2	-6



**8)**  $y = -x^2 + 2x$ 

8)

$\boldsymbol{x}$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	-15	-8	-3	0	1	0	-3



 $9) \ y = -x^2 + 3x$ 

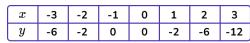
,								_
	$\boldsymbol{x}$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
ľ	u	-18	-10	-4	0	2	2	0

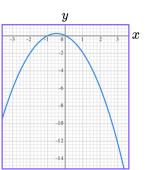


Group B contd

**10)** 
$$y = -x^2 - x$$

10)

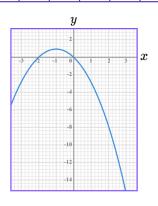




**11)** 
$$y = -x^2 - 2x$$

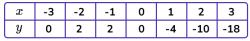
11)

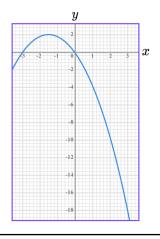
x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	-3	0	1	0	-3	-8	-15



**12)**  $y = -x^2 - 3x$ 





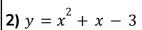




#### Group C

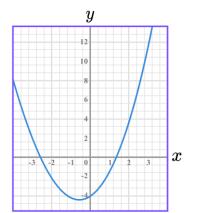
Complete the table of values and plot the graph on the axes provided:

$$1) y = x^2 + x - 4$$

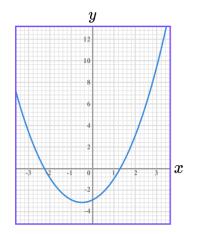


**3)** 
$$y = x^2 + x - 1$$

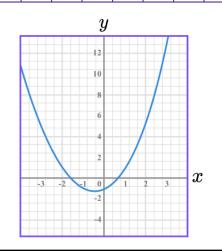
x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3	
y	2	-2	-4	-4	-2	2	8	



2)	x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
	y	3	-1	-3	-3	-1	3	9



3)	x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
	y	5	1	-1	-1	1	5	11



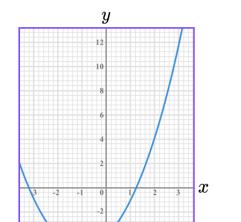


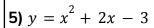
Group C contd

**4)** 
$$y = x^2 + 2x - 4$$

4)

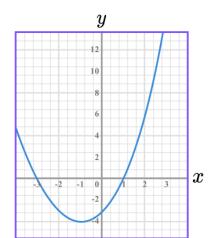
$\boldsymbol{x}$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	-1	-4	-5	-4	-1	4	11



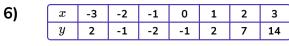


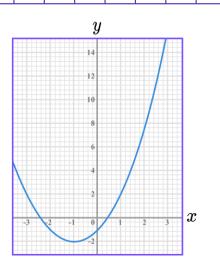
5)

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	0	-3	-4	-3	0	5	12



 $6) y = x^2 + 2x - 1$ 





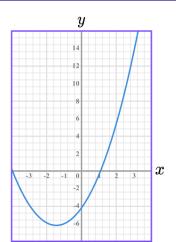


Group C contd

$$| 7) y = x^2 + 3x - 4$$

7)

x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	-4	-6	-6	-4	0	6	14

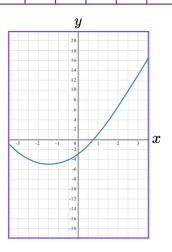


**8)** 
$$y = x^2 + 3x - 3$$

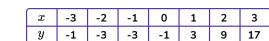
8)

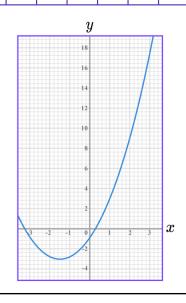
9)

$\boldsymbol{x}$	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	-3	-5	-5	-3	1	7	15



 $9) y = x^2 + 3x - 1$ 



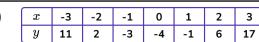


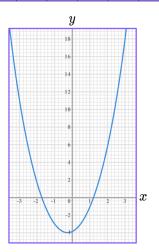


Group C contd

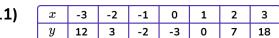
**10)** 
$$y = 2x^2 + x - 4$$

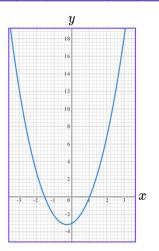
10)





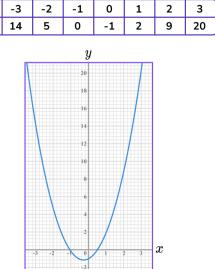
**11)** 
$$y = 2x^2 + x - 3$$





**12)** 
$$y = 2x^2 + x - 1$$





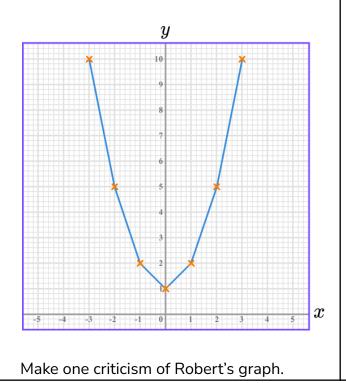


	Question	Answer
	Applied Questions	
1)	Draw the graph of $y = x^2 + 4x - 10$ , for the values of $x$ from -3 to 3, on the grid below.	x     -3     -2     -1     0     1     2     3       y     -13     -14     -13     -10     -5     2     11    State of the control of th
2)	a) Complete a table of values for $y = (x - 2)(x - 3)$ for the values of $x$ from $-1$ to $4$ .	<b>a)</b> $(x-2)(x-3) = x^2 - 5x + 6$ $x -1  0  1  2  3  4  y  12  6  2  0  0  2$
	<b>b)</b> Complete a table of values for $y = (3 - x)(x + 1)$ for the values of $x$ from $-1$ to $4$ .	<b>b)</b> $(3-x)(x+1) = -x^2 + 2x + 3$
	c) Draw both graphs on the grid for the values of $x$ from $-1$ to $4$ . $y$ $-2$ $-1$ $0$ $0$ $0$ $0$ $0$ $0$ $0$ $0$ $0$ $0$	$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$



Robert has drawn the graph of  $y = x^2 + 1$ .

Here is his graph.



It should be a smooth curve, not straight lines **oe** 

Or

Bottom of the curve should be flat, not pointed **oe** 



## **Plotting Quadratic Graphs - Mark Scheme**

	Question	Answer	
	Exam Questions		
1) (a)	Complete the table of values for $y = x^2 - 3$	(a) 2 correct values  All correct values    x   -2   -1   0   1   2   3	(1) (1)
	x         -2         -1         0         1         2         3           y         1         -2         -2	x         -2         -1         0         1         2         3           y         1         -2         -3         -2         1         6	
(b)	On the grid, draw the graph of $y = x^2 - 3$ for the values of $x$ from $-2$ to 3.   y  10  10  9  8  7  6  5  4  3  2  11  2  3  4	(b) At least 5 points plotted correctly Fully correct graph  y    10	(1) (1)
(c)	Use your graph to find the minimum value of <i>y</i> .	(c) - 3	(1)

**(1)** 

**(1)** 

**(1)** 

**(1)** 

#### **Plotting Quadratic Graphs - Mark Scheme**

2) (a) Complete the table of values for  $y = x^2 + 2x - 1$ 

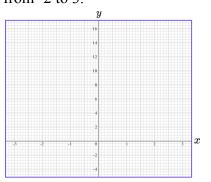
x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	2			-1			14

(a) 2 correct values

All correct values

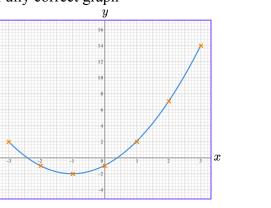
x	-3	-2	-1	0	1	2	3
y	2	-1	-2	-1	2	7	14

**(b)** On the grid, draw the graph of  $y = x^2 + 2x - 1$  for the values of x from -2 to 3.



**(b)** At least 5 points plotted correctly

Fully correct graph



- Use your graph to identify the roots of the equation  $x^2 + 2x - 1 = 0$
- (c)  $-2.4(\pm 0.1)$ 
  - $0.4 (\pm 0.1)$

**(1)** 

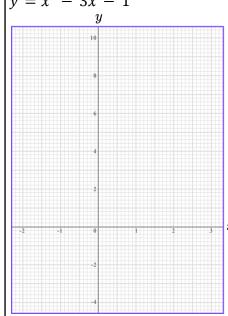
**(1)** 

**(1)** 

**(1)** 

**(1)** 

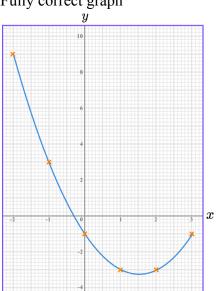
On the grid, draw the graph of 3)  $y = x^2 - 3x - 1$ 



At least 2 points found

At least 5 points plotted correctly

Fully correct graph



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