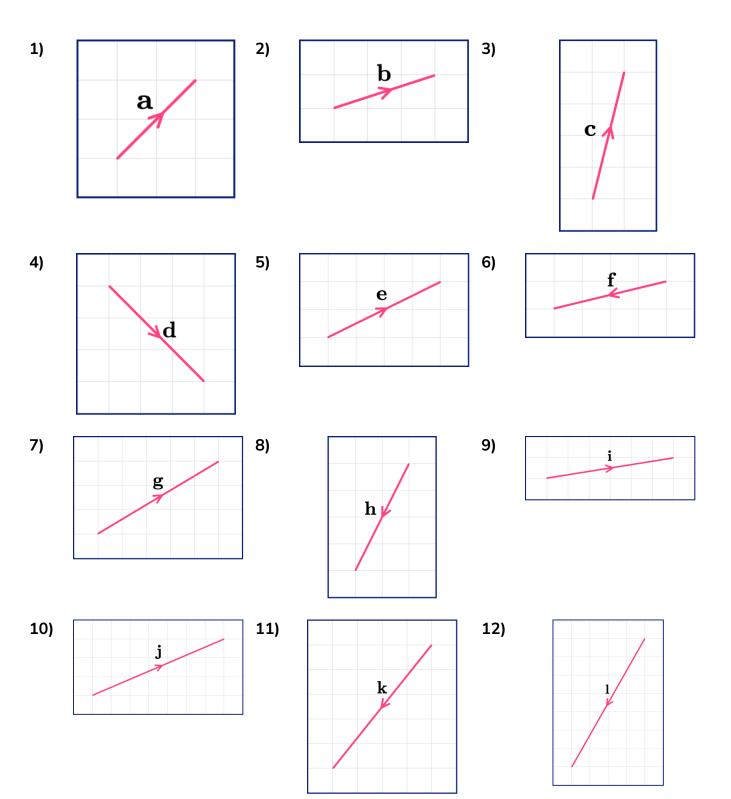


Skill

Group A - Writing column vectors

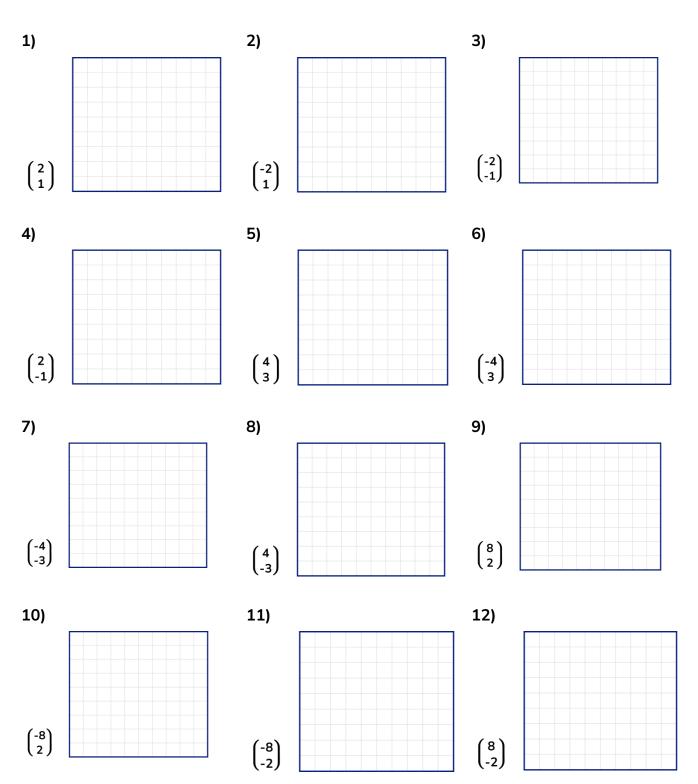
Write the vectors shown on the diagram as a column vector:





Group B - Drawing column vectors

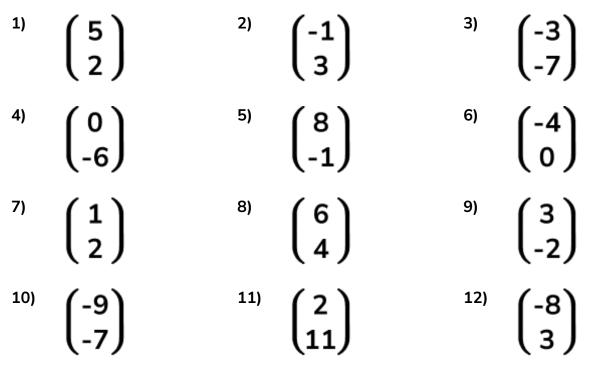
Draw and label the following column vectors on the grid provided:





Group C - Negative vectors

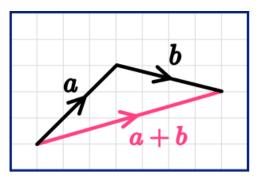
Write down the negative vector of the following vectors:



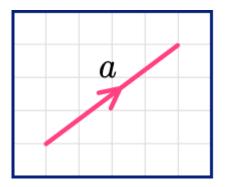


Applied

1) Shown on the grid are the vectors a, b and their resultant vector a + b.



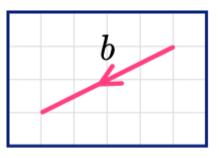
- (a) Write *a* as a column vector.
- (b) Write *b* as a column vector.
- (c) Write the resultant vector, a + b as a column vector.
- 2) Lucas has been asked to draw the vector $\boldsymbol{a} = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$. This is what he drew:



What mistake(s) has Lucas made?



3) Peter has been asked to draw the vector $\boldsymbol{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$. This is what he drew.



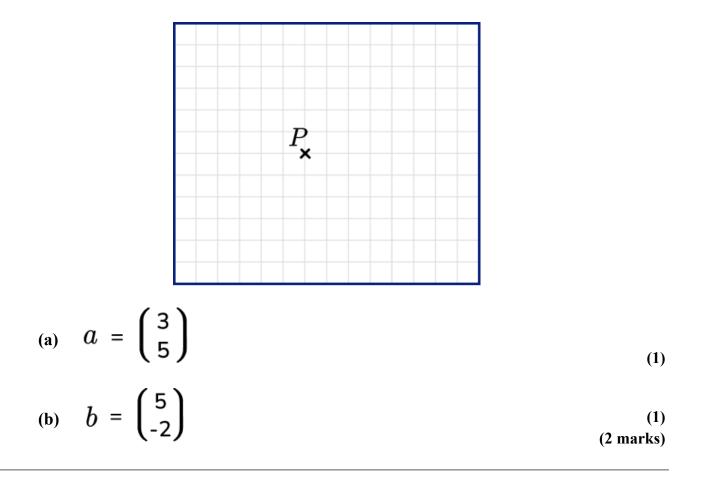
What mistake(s) has Lucas made?

- 4) (a) A is the point (4, 3) and B is the point (5, 0). Write down as a column vector \overrightarrow{AB} .
 - (b) C is the point (6, -1) and D is the point (2, 1). Write down as a column vector \overrightarrow{CD} .



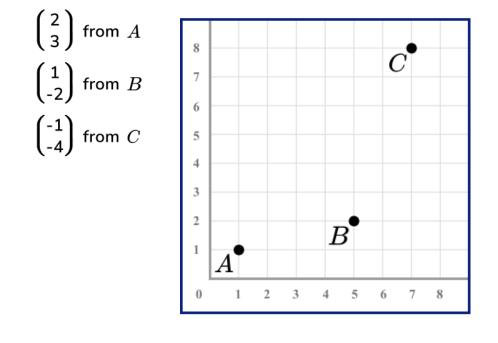
Column Vectors - Exam Questions

1) From the point *P*, draw the vectors below.



2)

On the axes below, draw the vectors from the point stated.



(3 marks)



Column Vectors - Exam Questions

3) Given the vectors

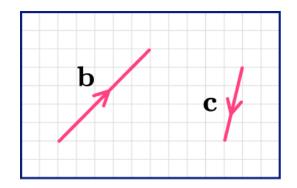
$$a = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$
 $b = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$ $c = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$

write the following as column vectors:

(a) - *a*

		(1)
(b)	- <i>b</i>	
		(1)
(c)	- <i>c</i>	
		(1) (3 marks)

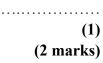
4) Shown below are vectors \boldsymbol{b} and \boldsymbol{c} .



(a) Write the column vector that represents **b**.

(1)

(b) Write the column vector that represents c.

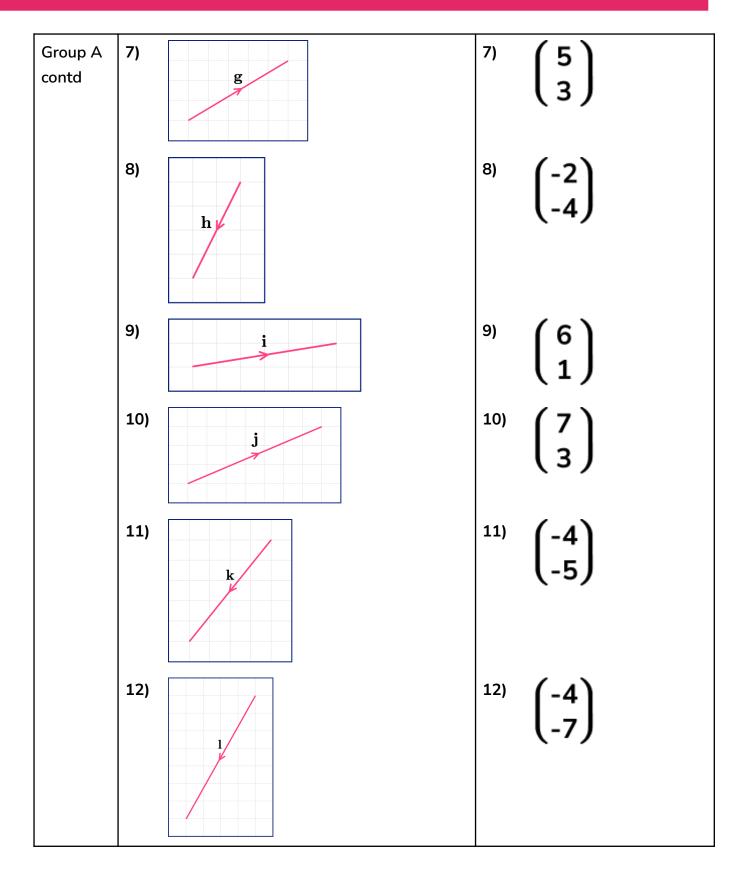




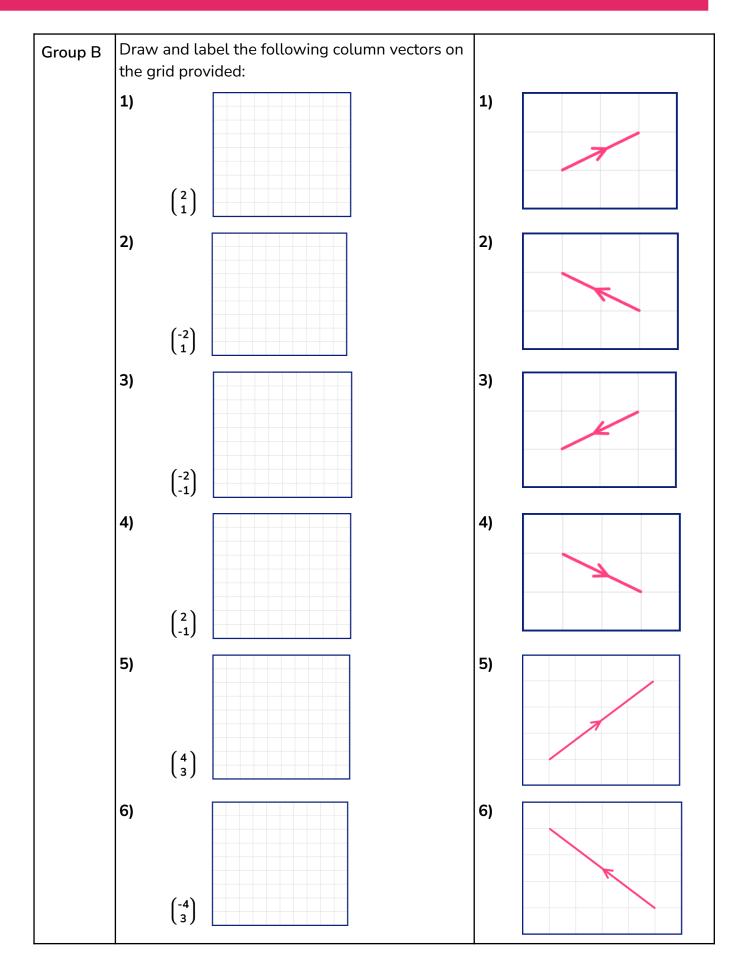
	Question	Answer
	Skill Questions	
Group A	Write the vectors shown on the diagram as a column vector: 1) a	¹⁾ $\begin{pmatrix} 2\\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$
	2) b	$\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$
	3)	$\begin{pmatrix} 1\\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$
	4) d	$\stackrel{4)}{\begin{pmatrix} 3\\ -3 \end{pmatrix}}$
	5) e	$\binom{5}{2}$
	6) <u>f</u>	$\begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$

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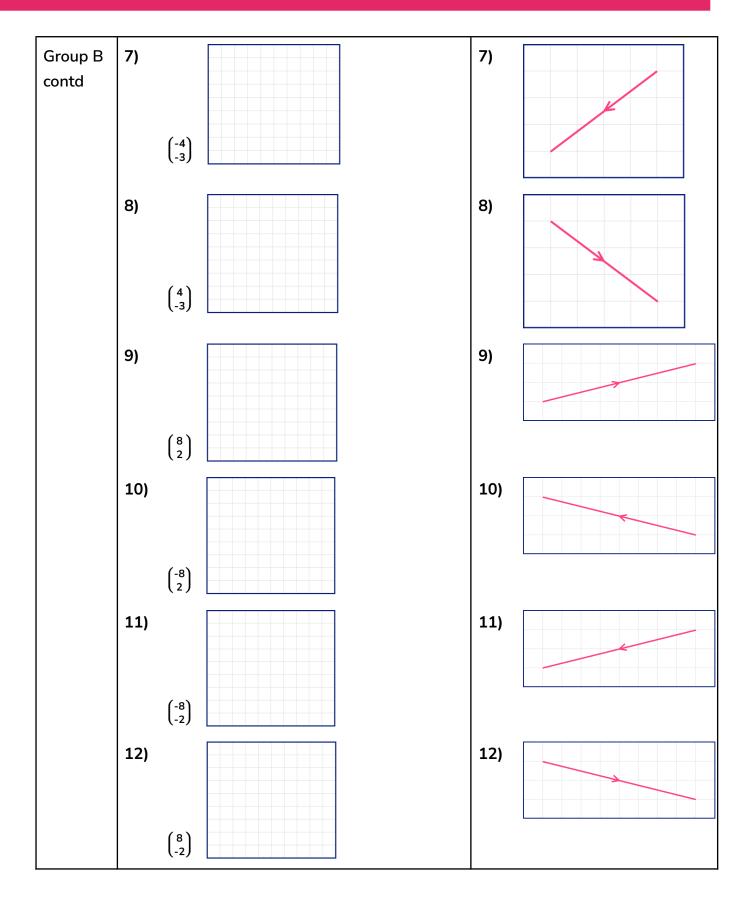




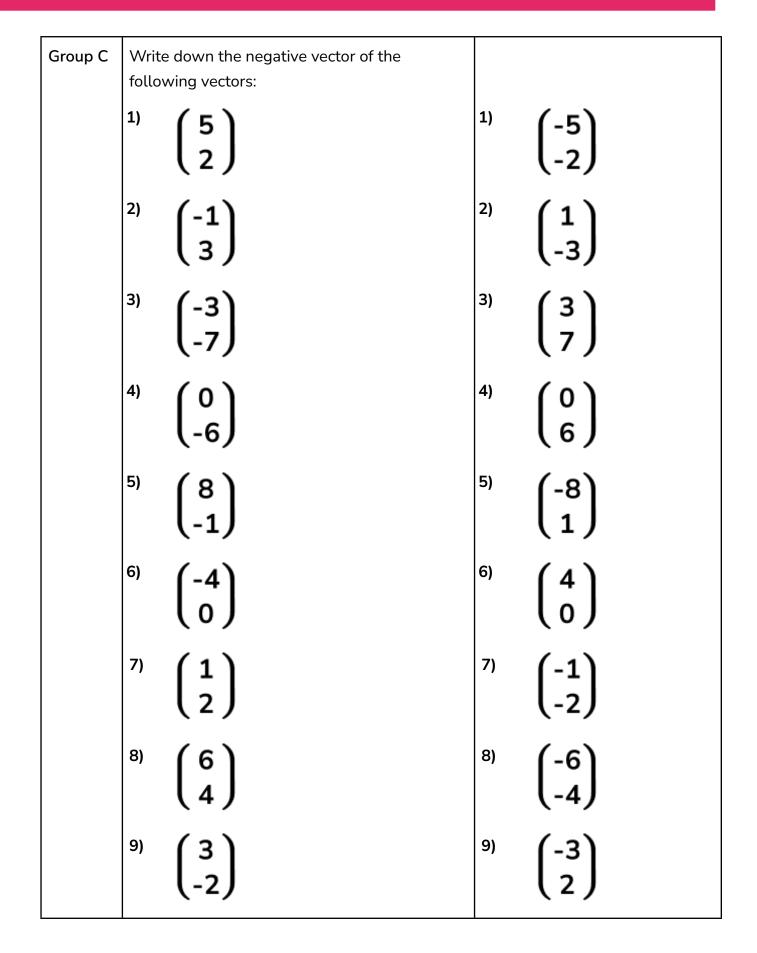














Group C contd	10)	(-9 -7)	10)	$ \begin{pmatrix} 9\\7 \end{pmatrix} $
	11)	$\begin{pmatrix} 2\\11 \end{pmatrix}$	11)	(-2 (-11)
	12)	$\begin{pmatrix} -8\\3 \end{pmatrix}$	12)	(8 -3)



	Question	Answer
	Applied Questions	
1)	Shown on the grid are the vectors a , b and their resultant vector $a + b$.	
	a) Write <i>a</i> as a column vector.	a) $a = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$ b) $b = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$
	b) Write \boldsymbol{b} as a column vector.	b) $b = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$
	c) Write the resultant vector, $a + b$, as a column vector.	c) $\boldsymbol{a} + \boldsymbol{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 7 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$
2)	Lucas has been asked to draw the vector $a = \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix}$. This is what he drew.	The 4 should be at the top, to indicate 4 right, and the 3 should be at the bottom to indicate 3 up or he has drawn $\begin{pmatrix} 4\\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$
3)	Peter has been asked to draw the vector $\boldsymbol{b} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$. This is what he drew.	The 4 should be at the top, to indicate 4 right. Peter has drawn 4 to the left which would have been – 4 or he has drawn $\begin{pmatrix} -4\\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$



4)	a) A is the point (4, 3) and B is the point (5, 0). Write down as a column vector \overrightarrow{AB} .	a) $\overrightarrow{AB} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -3 \end{pmatrix}$
	b) <i>C</i> is the point $(6, -1)$ and <i>D</i> is the point $(2, 1)$. Write down as a column vector \overrightarrow{CD} .	b) $\overrightarrow{CD} = \begin{pmatrix} -4 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$

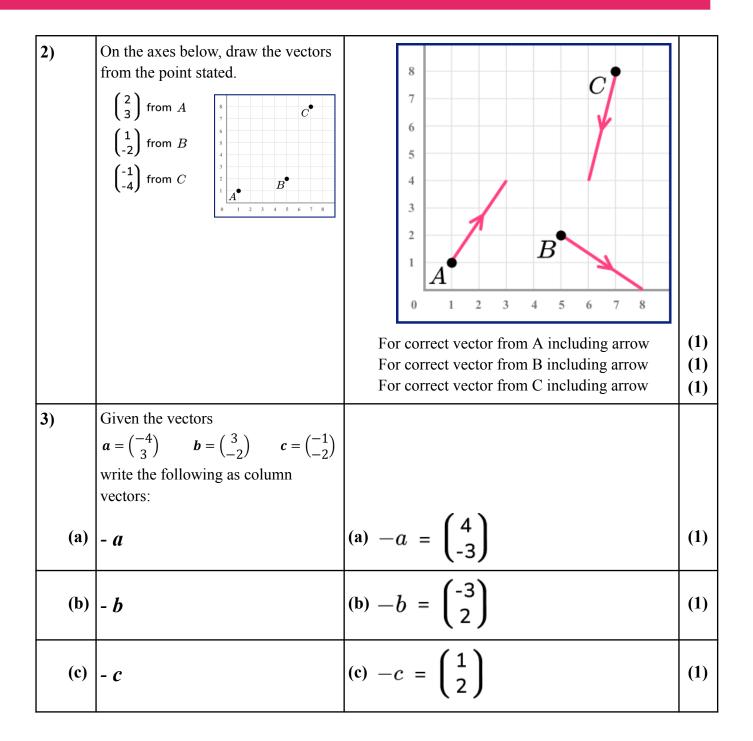


Column Vectors - Mark Scheme

	Question	Answer		
	Exam Questions			
1) (a)	From the point <i>P</i> , draw the vectors below. $ \begin{array}{c} P_{x} \\ P$	$(a) \qquad \qquad a $	(1)	
(b)	$b = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -2 \end{pmatrix}$	(b)	(1)	

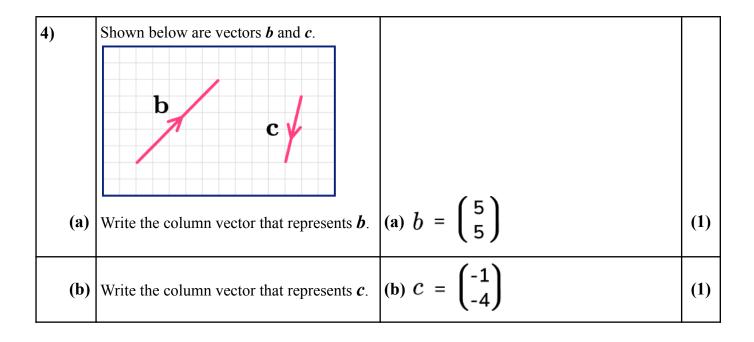


Column Vectors - Mark Scheme





Column Vectors - Mark Scheme



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