Equation of a Tangent to a Circle - Worksheet

Skill

Group A - Gradient between two points

Find the gradient of the straight line passing through:

1) (0, 0) and (1, 3)	2) (0, 0) and (3, 1)	3) (3, 1) and (0, 0)
4) (- 3, 1) and (0, 0)	5) (- 3, - 1) and (0, 0)	6) (3, – 1) and (0, 0)
7) (4, 2) and (0, 0)	8) (2, 4) and (0, 0)	9) (- 4, 2) and (0, 0)
10) (- 4, - 2) and (0, 0)	11) (4, - 2) and (0, 0)	12) (- 2, - 4) and (0, 0)

Group B - Perpendicular gradients

Find the gradient of a line perpendicular to these gradients:

1) 2	2) - 2	3) $\frac{1}{2}$
4) $-\frac{1}{2}$	5) 7	6) — 7
7) $\frac{1}{7}$	8) $-\frac{1}{7}$	9) 0.9
10) - 0.9	11) $\frac{10}{9}$	12) $-\frac{10}{9}$

Equation of a Tangent to a Circle - Worksheet

Group C - Finding the equation of a line passing through a given point Find the equation of the tangent to:

1)
$$x^{2} + y^{2} = 40$$
 at the point (6, 2)

3)
$$x^2 + y^2 = 40$$
 at the point (- 6, 2)

5)
$$x^2 + y^2 = 40$$
 at the point (2, 6)

7)
$$x^2 + y^2 = 40$$
 at the point (- 2, 6)

9)
$$x^2 + y^2 = 0.4$$
 at the point (0.2, 0.6)

2) $x^{2} + y^{2} = 40$ at the point (-6, -2)

4)
$$x^{2} + y^{2} = 40$$
 at the point (6, - 2)

6)
$$x^2 + y^2 = 40$$
 at the point $(-2, -6)$

8)
$$x^{2} + y^{2} = 40$$
 at the point (2, - 6)

10) $x^2 + y^2 = 0.4$ at the point (-0.2, 0.6)

11) $x^2 + y^2 = 0.4$ at the point (0.2, -0.6)

12) $x^2 + y^2 = 0.4$ at the point (-0.2, -0.6)



Equation of a Tangent to a Circle - Worksheet

Applied

- 1) (a) A circle has the equation $x^2 + y^2 = 10$ Write down the centre of the circle.
 - (b) Write down the exact length of the radius of the circle.
 - (c) *P* is the point (1, 3) on the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 10$ Work out the equation of the tangent to the circle at *P*.
- 2) (a) A circle C has centre O. The points A(0, 8) and B(0, -8) lie on opposite ends of the same diameter. Find the coordinates of the centre O.
 - (b) Write down the equation of the circle.
 - (c) Does the point (-3, 5) lie on the circle?
- **3)** The line *L* is a tangent to the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 29$ at the point (- 2, 5). The line *L* crosses the *x*-axis at the point *P*. Work out the coordinates of *P*.



P lies on the circle and has *x*-coordinate 1. The tangent at *P* intersects the *x*-axis at *R*.

Work out the coordinates of R.



Equation of a Tangent to a Circle - Exam Questions

1) The diagram shows the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 18$ with a tangent at the point P(3, 3).



(a) Find the gradient of the line *OP*.

(b) Find the gradient of the tangent.

(c) Find the equation of the tangent.

. (2) (5 marks)

(2)

(1)

2)

3)



Equation of a Tangent to a Circle - Exam Questions

Here is a circle, centre *O*, and the tangent to the circle at point P(3, -5)



Find the equation of the tangent at the point *P*.

(4 marks)

The line *L* is a tangent to the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 29$ at the point *P*.

P is the point (2, 5)

The line *L* crosses the *x*-axis at the point *Q*.

Work out the area of triangle *OPQ*.

(6 marks)



Equation of a Tangent to a Circle - Answers

	Question	Answer
	Skill Questions	
Group A	Find the gradient of the straight line passing through:	
	1) (0, 0) and (1, 3)	1) 3
	2) (0, 0) and (3, 1)	2) $\frac{1}{3}$
	3) (3, 1) and (0, 0)	3) $\frac{1}{3}$
	4) (- 3, 1) and (0, 0)	4) $-\frac{1}{3}$
	5) (- 3, - 1) and (0, 0)	5) $\frac{1}{3}$
	6) (3, - 1) and (0, 0)	6) $-\frac{1}{3}$
	7) (4, 2) and (0, 0)	7) $\frac{1}{2}$
	8) (2, 4) and (0, 0)	8) 3
	9) (- 4, 2) and (0, 0)	9) $-\frac{1}{2}$
	10) $(-4, -2)$ and $(0, 0)$	10) $\frac{1}{2}$
	11) $(4, -2)$ and $(0, 0)$	11) $-\frac{1}{2}$
	12) $(-2, -4)$ and $(0, 0)$	12) 2
Group B	Find the gradient of a line perpendicular to:	
	1) 2	1) $-\frac{1}{2}$
	2) - 2	2) $\frac{1}{2}$
	3) $\frac{1}{2}$	3) - 2
	4) $-\frac{1}{2}$	4) 2
	5) 7	5) $-\frac{1}{7}$
	6) - 7	6) $\frac{1}{7}$



Equation of a Tangent to a Circle - Answers

Group B	7) $\frac{1}{7}$	7) - 7
conta	8) $-\frac{1}{7}$	8) 7
	9) 0. 9	9) $-\frac{10}{9}$
	10) - 0.9	10) $\frac{10}{9}$
	11) $\frac{10}{9}$	11) $-\frac{9}{10}$
	12) $-\frac{10}{9}$	12) $\frac{9}{10}$
Group C	Find the equation of the tangent to:	
	1) $x^2 + y^2 = 40$ at the point (6, 2)	1) $y = -3x + 20$
	2) $x^2 + y^2 = 40$ at the point $(-6, -2)$	2) $y = -3x - 20$
	3) $x^2 + y^2 = 40$ at the point (- 6, 2)	3) $y = 3x + 20$
	4) $x^{2} + y^{2} = 40$ at the point (6, - 2)	4) $y = 3x - 20$
	5) $x^2 + y^2 = 40$ at the point (2, 6)	5) $y = -\frac{1}{3}x + 6\frac{2}{3}$
	6) $x^2 + y^2 = 40$ at the point $(-2, -6)$	6) $y = -\frac{1}{3}x - 6\frac{2}{3}$
	7) $x^2 + y^2 = 40$ at the point (- 2, 6)	7) $y = \frac{1}{3}x + 6\frac{1}{3}$
	8) $x^2 + y^2 = 40$ at the point (2, - 6)	8) $y = \frac{1}{3}x - 6\frac{2}{3}$
	9) $x^2 + y^2 = 0.4$ at the point (0.2, 0.6)	9) $y = -\frac{1}{3}x + \frac{2}{3}$
	10) $x^2 + y^2 = 0.4$ at the point (- 0.2, 0.6)	10) $y = \frac{1}{3}x + \frac{2}{3}$
	11) $x^2 + y^2 = 0.4$ at the point (0.2, -0.6)	11) $y = \frac{1}{3}x - \frac{2}{3}$
	12) $x^2 + y^2 = 0.4$ at the point $(-0.2, -0.6)$	12) $y = -\frac{1}{3}x - \frac{2}{3}$



Equation of a Tangent to a Circle - Answers

	Question	Answer
	Applied Questions	
1)	a) A circle has the equation $x^2 + y^2 = 10$ Write down the centre of the circle.	a) (0,0)
	b) Write down the exact length of the radius of the circle.	b) $\sqrt{10}$
	c) <i>P</i> is the point (1, 3) on the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 10$ Work out the equation of the tangent to the circle at <i>P</i> .	c) $y = -\frac{1}{3}x + 3\frac{1}{3}$
2)	a) A circle <i>C</i> has centre <i>O</i> . The points $A(0, 8)$ and $B(0, -8)$ lie on opposite ends of the same diameter. Find the coordinates of the centre <i>O</i> .	a) (0,0)
	b) Write down the equation of the circle.	b) $x^2 + y^2 = 64$
	 c) Does the point (- 3, 5) lie on the circle? 	c) No, $(-3)^2 + 5^2 = 9 + 25 = 34$ $\neq 64$
3)	The line <i>L</i> is a tangent to the circle $x^{2} + y^{2} = 29$ at the point (- 2, 5). The line <i>L</i> crosses the <i>x</i> -axis at the point <i>P</i> . Work out the coordinates of <i>P</i> .	Equation of tangent is: $y = \frac{2}{5}x + 5\frac{4}{5}$ (-14.5, 0)
4)	The diagram shows the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 17$ y p p P lies on the circle and has x-coordinate 1. The tangent at P intersects the x-axis at R. Work out the coordinates of R.	P = (1, 4) Equation of tangent: $y = -\frac{1}{4}x + 4\frac{1}{4}$ R = (17, 0)



Equation of a Tangent to a Circle - Mark Scheme

		Question	An	swer	
		Exam Questions			
1)	(a)	The diagram shows the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 18$ with a tangent at the point $P(3, 3)$. y $P^{(3, 3)}$ Find the gradient of the line <i>OP</i> .	(a)	$\frac{3-0}{3-0}$ oe 1	(1) (1)
	(b)	Find the gradient of the tangent.	(b)	- 1	(1)
	(c)	Find the equation of the tangent.	(c)	y = -x + c y = -x + 6	(1) (1)
2)		Here is a circle, centre <i>O</i> , and the tangent to the circle at point $P(3, -5)$ y p P(3, -5) Find the equation of the tangent at the point <i>P</i> .		Gradient radius = $-\frac{5}{3}$ Gradient tangent = $\frac{3}{5}$ Correct substitution of <i>P</i> into $y = \frac{3}{5}x + c$ to find c = -6.8 $y = \frac{3}{5}x - 6.8$	 (1) (1) (1) (1)



Equation of a Tangent to a Circle - Mark Scheme

3)	The line <i>L</i> is a tangent to the circle $x^2 + y^2 = 29$	Gradient radius = $\frac{5}{2}$	(1)
	at the point <i>P</i> .	Gradient tangent = $-\frac{2}{5}$	(1)
	P is the point (2, 5).	$y - 5 = -\frac{2}{5}(x - 2)$	
	The line L crosses the x-axis at the point Q.	$y = -\frac{2}{5}x + 5.8$	(1)
	Work out the area of triangle <i>OPQ</i> .	Q(14.5, 0)	(1)
		<u>14.5×5</u> 2	(1)
		36.25	(1)

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