

## Algebraic Fractions - Worksheet

### Skill

#### Group A - Solve equations: single algebraic fraction (linear)

Calculate the value for  $x$  for each linear equation.

1)  $\frac{2x}{3} = 4$

2)  $\frac{x}{5} + 3 = 5$

3)  $\frac{x}{4} + 7 = 9$

4)  $\frac{15}{x} - 7 = -12$

5)  $\frac{2+5x}{7} = 6$

6)  $\frac{4-7x}{11} = -6$

7)  $\frac{5-4x}{15} = -5$

8)  $5 - \frac{x}{3} = 8$

9)  $3 - \frac{4x}{5} = 11$

10)  $26 - \frac{2x}{3} = 14$

11)  $7 + \frac{8}{x} = -9$

12)  $-\left(\frac{5x-20}{8}\right) = 10$

#### Group B - Solve equations: algebraic fractions (quadratic)

Calculate the value(s) for  $x$  for each quadratic equation.

1)  $x + \frac{5}{x} = 6$

2)  $x + \frac{6}{x} = 5$

3)  $x + \frac{12}{x} = 7$

4)  $2x + \frac{5}{x} = 7$

5)  $7x - \frac{6}{x+1} = -26$

6)  $5x - \frac{4}{x-2} = -9$

7)  $x - 1 = 7 - \frac{15}{2x+1}$

8)  $2x = \frac{x-3}{x+1} - 12$

9)  $\frac{12}{6-x} + x = 2$

10)  $\frac{x}{0.5} + \frac{1.5}{x} = 4$

11)  $\frac{1}{2}\left(5x - \frac{7}{x+4}\right) = 7$

12)  $\frac{x}{3}\left(\frac{x+7}{-5x}\right) = -\frac{1}{3}$

## Algebraic Fractions - Worksheet

### Group C - Solve equations: simplifying quadratics

Simplify the algebraic fractions to calculate the value(s) for  $x$ .

$$1) \frac{5x+10}{2x} = 3$$

$$2) \frac{x^2+4x}{3x+12} = 12$$

$$3) \frac{x^2-4x}{x^2} = 3$$

$$4) x + \frac{x}{x-2} = 6$$

$$5) \frac{5x+10}{x^2+5x+6} = 1$$

$$6) \frac{2x+2}{x^2+4x+3} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$7) \frac{7x+28}{x^2+x-12} = 3.5$$

$$8) \frac{3x-3}{x^2-1} = -1.5$$

$$9) \frac{x^2-4}{2x^2-3x-2} = 1$$

$$10) \frac{4x^2+12x+9}{10x+15} = 5$$

$$11) \frac{x}{x+1} + \frac{x}{x+4} = 1$$

$$12) \frac{3x^2+13x+4}{x^2+8x+16} = 20$$

# Algebraic Fractions - Worksheet

## Applied

1) (a) Solve  $\frac{x-4}{2} = \frac{6+x}{7}$ .

(b) Solve  $\frac{x+3}{5} = \frac{6-x}{40}$ .

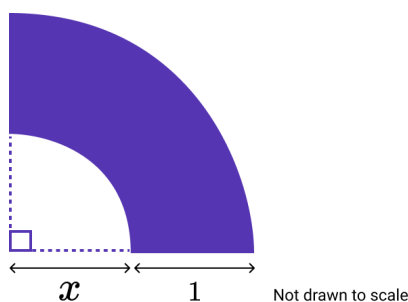
2) (a) Find the solution to the equation  $\frac{x^2-x-30}{x-6} = 10$ .

(b) Show that the equation  $\frac{x^2+4x-21}{x-3} = 10$  has no solutions.

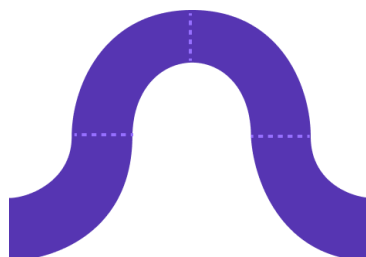
3) (a) Show that  $x = -1$  is a solution to  $\frac{5}{x} + \frac{6}{x-1} + \frac{1}{x^2} = -7$ .

(b) Rearrange the equation into the form  $7x^3 + ax^2 + bx + c = 0$ , hence state the integer values of  $a$ ,  $b$ , and  $c$ .

4) (a) The shape below has an area of  $2\pi x \text{ cm}^2$ . Show that  $x = \frac{1}{6}$ .



(b) A logo is created using multiple copies of the same image in part (a).



Calculate the area of the logo design, correct to 2 decimal places.

## Algebraic Fractions - Exam Questions

- 1) (a) Simplify the algebraic fraction. ....  
(3)

$$\frac{6x^2y^2}{8x^3y} \div 3xy$$

- (b) Hence solve the equation. ....  
(4)

$$\frac{6x^2y^2}{8x^3y} \div 3xy = 2x$$

(7 marks)

- 2) Simplify fully. Write your answer in the form .....  
(5 marks)
- $$\frac{a+b\sqrt{3}}{c} \text{ where } a, b, \text{ and } c \text{ are integers. } \frac{3+\sqrt{3}}{6+\sqrt{3}} + \sqrt{3}.$$

- 3) (a) Simplify the fraction. ....  
(3)
- $$\frac{12x^2+30x-18}{24x^2-6}$$
- (b) State the value of  $x$  for which the fraction is undefined. ....  
(1)  
(4 marks)

- 4) (a) Simplify fully. ....  
(2)
- $$\frac{3}{x^2} + \frac{2}{3x^2} + \frac{3}{5x^2}$$
- (b) Hence solve  $\frac{3}{x^2} + \frac{2}{3x^2} + \frac{3}{5x^2} = \frac{x}{15}$ . ....  
(3)  
(5 marks)

## Algebraic Fractions - Answers

	Question	Answer
	Skill Questions	
Group A	<p>Calculate the value for <math>x</math> for each linear equation.</p> <p>1) <math>\frac{2x}{3} = 4</math></p> <p>2) <math>\frac{x}{5} + 3 = 5</math></p> <p>3) <math>\frac{x}{4} + 7 = 9</math></p> <p>4) <math>\frac{15}{x} - 7 = -12</math></p> <p>5) <math>\frac{2+5x}{7} = 6</math></p> <p>6) <math>\frac{4-7x}{11} = -6</math></p> <p>7) <math>\frac{5-4x}{15} = -5</math></p> <p>8) <math>5 - \frac{x}{3} = 8</math></p> <p>9) <math>3 - \frac{4x}{5} = 11</math></p> <p>10) <math>26 - \frac{2x}{3} = 14</math></p> <p>11) <math>7 + \frac{8}{x} = -9</math></p> <p>12) <math>-\left(\frac{5x-20}{8}\right) = 10</math></p>	<p>1) <math>x = 6</math></p> <p>2) <math>x = 10</math></p> <p>3) <math>x = 8</math></p> <p>4) <math>x = -3</math></p> <p>5) <math>x = 8</math></p> <p>6) <math>x = 10</math></p> <p>7) <math>x = 20</math></p> <p>8) <math>x = -9</math></p> <p>9) <math>x = -10</math></p> <p>10) <math>x = 18</math></p> <p>11) <math>x = -0.5</math></p> <p>12) <math>x = -12</math></p>
Group B	<p>Calculate the value for <math>x</math> for each quadratic equation.</p> <p>1) <math>x + \frac{5}{x} = 6</math></p> <p>2) <math>x + \frac{6}{x} = 5</math></p> <p>3) <math>x + \frac{12}{x} = 7</math></p>	<p>1) <math>x = 5</math> or <math>x = 1</math></p> <p>2) <math>x = 2</math> or <math>x = 3</math></p> <p>3) <math>x = 3</math> or <math>x = 4</math></p>

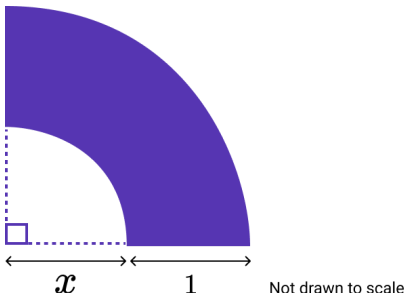
## Algebraic Fractions - Answers

	<p>4) <math>2x + \frac{5}{x} = 7</math></p> <p>5) <math>7x - \frac{6}{x+1} = -26</math></p> <p>6) <math>5x - \frac{4}{x-2} = -9</math></p> <p>7) <math>x - 1 = 7 - \frac{15}{2x+1}</math></p> <p>8) <math>2x = \frac{x-3}{x+1} - 12</math></p> <p>9) <math>\frac{12}{6-x} + x = 2</math></p> <p>10) <math>\frac{x}{0.5} + \frac{1.5}{x} = 4</math></p> <p>11) <math>\frac{1}{2}(5x - \frac{7}{x+4}) = 7</math></p> <p>12) <math>\frac{x^2}{3}(\frac{x+7}{-5x}) = -\frac{1}{3}</math></p>	<p>4) <math>x = 1</math> or <math>x = 2.5</math></p> <p>5) <math>x = -4</math> or <math>x = -\frac{5}{7}</math></p> <p>6) <math>x = -2</math> or <math>x = \frac{11}{5}</math></p> <p>7) <math>x = 7</math> or <math>x = \frac{1}{2}</math></p> <p>8) <math>x = -5</math> or <math>x = -\frac{3}{2}</math></p> <p>9) <math>x = 0</math> or <math>x = 8</math></p> <p>10) <math>x = 0.5</math> or <math>x = 1.5</math></p> <p>11) <math>x = 3</math> or <math>x = -\frac{21}{5}</math></p> <p>12) <math>x = \frac{-7 \pm \sqrt{29}}{2}</math></p>
Group C	<p>Simplify the algebraic fractions to calculate the value(s) for <math>x</math>.</p> <p>1) <math>\frac{5x+10}{2x} = 3</math></p> <p>2) <math>\frac{x^2+4x}{3x+12} = 12</math></p> <p>3) <math>\frac{x^2-4x}{x^2} = 3</math></p> <p>4) <math>x + \frac{x}{x-2} = 6</math></p> <p>5) <math>\frac{5x+10}{x^2+5x+6} = 1</math></p> <p>6) <math>\frac{2x+2}{x^2+4x+3} = \frac{1}{2}</math></p> <p>7) <math>\frac{7x+28}{x^2+x-12} = 3.5</math></p> <p>8) <math>\frac{3x-3}{x^2-1} = -1.5</math></p>	<p>1) <math>x = 10</math></p> <p>2) <math>x = 36</math></p> <p>3) <math>x = -2</math></p> <p>4) <math>x = 4</math> or <math>x = 3</math></p> <p>5) <math>x = 2</math></p> <p>6) <math>x = 1</math></p> <p>7) <math>x = 5</math></p> <p>8) <math>x = -3</math></p>

## Algebraic Fractions - Answers

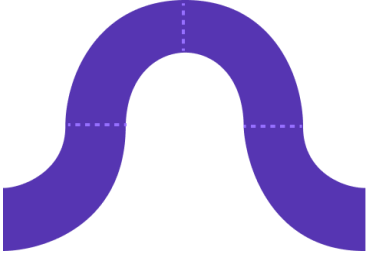
	<p>9) <math>\frac{x^2-4}{2x^2-3x-2} = 1</math></p> <p>10) <math>\frac{4x^2+12x+9}{10x+15} = 5</math></p> <p>11) <math>\frac{x}{x+1} + \frac{x}{x+4} = 1</math></p> <p>12) <math>\frac{3x^2+13x+4}{x^2+8x+16} = -8</math></p>	<p>9) <math>x = 1</math></p> <p>10) <math>x = 11</math></p> <p>11) <math>x = \pm 2</math></p> <p>12) <math>x = -3</math></p>
--	--	--

## Algebraic Fractions - Answers

	Question	Answer
	Applied Questions	
1)	<p>(a) Solve <math>\frac{x-4}{2} = \frac{6+x}{7}</math>.</p> <p>(b) Solve <math>\frac{x+3}{5} = \frac{6-x}{40}</math>.</p>	<p>(a) <math>x = 8</math></p> <p>(b) <math>x = -2</math></p>
2)	<p>(a) Find the solution to the equation <math>\frac{x^2-x-30}{x-6} = 10</math>.</p> <p>(b) Show that the equation <math>\frac{x^2+4x-21}{x-3} = 10</math> has no solutions.</p>	<p>(a) <math>x = 5</math> (Cannot be <math>x = 6</math> as the denominator would be 0).</p> <p>(b) <math>x = 3</math> is the only solution but <math>x \neq 3</math> as the denominator would equal 0.</p>
3)	<p>(a) Show that <math>x = -1</math> is a solution to <math>\frac{5}{x} + \frac{6}{x-1} + \frac{1}{x^2} = -7</math>.</p> <p>(b) Rearrange the equation into the form <math>7x^3 + ax^2 + bx + c = 0</math>, hence state the integer values of <math>a</math>, <math>b</math>, and <math>c</math>.</p>	<p>(a) When <math>x = -1</math>  <math display="block">\frac{5}{-1} + \frac{6}{-1-1} + \frac{1}{(-1)^2} = -5 - 3 + 1 = -7</math></p> <p>(b) <math>7x^3 + 4x^2 - 4x - 1 = 0</math>  <math>a = 4, b = -4, c = -1</math></p>
4)	<p>(a) The shape below has an area of <math>2\pi x \text{ cm}^2</math>. Show that <math>x = \frac{1}{6}</math>.</p> 	<p>(a) <math>\frac{\pi(x+1)^2}{4} - \frac{\pi(x)^2}{4} = 2\pi x</math>  <math>(x+1)^2 - x^2 = 8x</math>  <math>x^2 + 2x + 1 - x^2 = 8x</math>  <math>2x + 1 = 8x</math>  <math>6x = 1</math>  <math>x = \frac{1}{6}</math></p>



## Algebraic Fractions - Answers

	<p><b>(b)</b> A logo is created using multiple copies of the same image in part a).</p>  <p>Calculate the area of the logo design, correct to 2 decimal places.</p>	<p><b>(b)</b> <math>2\pi x \times 4 = 8\pi x</math></p> <p>As <math>x = \frac{1}{6}</math></p> <p>Area = <math>\frac{8\pi}{6}</math></p> <p><math>= 4.19\text{cm}^2</math></p>
--	--	--

## Algebraic Fractions - Mark Scheme

	Question	Answer	
	Exam Questions		
1) (a)	Simplify the algebraic fraction. $\frac{6x^2y^2}{8x^3y} \div 3xy$	(a) $\frac{6x^2y^2}{8x^3y} \div 3xy$ $= \frac{6x^2y^2}{8x^3y} \times \frac{1}{3xy} = \frac{6x^2y^2}{24x^4y^2}$ $= \frac{1}{4x^2}$	(3)
(b)	Hence solve the equation. $\frac{6x^2y^2}{8x^3y} \div 3xy = 2x$	(b) $\frac{1}{4x^2} = 2x$ $1 = 8x^3$ $x^3 = \frac{1}{8}$ $x = \frac{1}{2}$	(4)
2)	Simplify fully. $\frac{3+\sqrt{3}}{6+\sqrt{3}} + \sqrt{3}$  Write your answer in the form $\frac{a+b\sqrt{3}}{c}$ where $a, b$ , and $c$ are integers.	$\frac{3+\sqrt{3}}{6+\sqrt{3}} + \sqrt{3} = \frac{3+\sqrt{3}}{6+\sqrt{3}} + \frac{\sqrt{3}(6+\sqrt{3})}{(6+\sqrt{3})}$ $= \frac{3+\sqrt{3}+6\sqrt{3}+3}{6+\sqrt{3}}$ $= \frac{6+7\sqrt{3}}{6+\sqrt{3}}$ $= \frac{(6+7\sqrt{3})(6-\sqrt{3})}{(6+\sqrt{3})(6-\sqrt{3})}$ $= \frac{36+\sqrt{3}-21}{36-3}$ $= \frac{15+\sqrt{3}}{33}$ $a = 15, b = 1, c = 33$	(5)

## Algebraic Fractions - Mark Scheme

<b>3) (a)</b>	Simplify the fraction. $\frac{12x^2+42x+18}{24x^2-6}$	<b>(a)</b> $\frac{12x^2+42x+18}{24x^2-6} = \frac{6(2x^2+7x+3)}{6(4x^2-1)}$ $= \frac{2x^2+7x+3}{4x^2-1}$ $= \frac{(2x+1)(x+3)}{(2x+1)(2x-1)}$ $= \frac{x+3}{2x-1}$	<b>(3)</b>
<b>(b)</b>	State the value of $x$ for which the fraction is undefined.	<b>(b)</b> The fraction is undefined when the denominator is equal to 0. $2x - 1 = 0$ $x = \frac{1}{2}$	<b>(1)</b>
<b>4) (a)</b>	Simplify fully $\frac{3}{x^2} + \frac{2}{3x^2} + \frac{3}{5x^2}$ .	<b>(a)</b> $\frac{3}{x^2} + \frac{2}{3x^2} + \frac{3}{5x^2} = \frac{45}{5x^2} + \frac{10}{15x^2} + \frac{9}{15x^2}$ $= \frac{64}{15x^2}$	<b>(2)</b>
<b>(b)</b>	Hence solve $\frac{3}{x^2} + \frac{2}{3x^2} + \frac{3}{5x^2} = \frac{x}{15}$ .	<b>(b)</b> $\frac{64}{15x^2} = \frac{x}{15}$ $64 = \frac{15x^3}{15}$ $64 = x^3$ $x = 4$	<b>(3)</b>

***Do you have KS4 students who need additional support in maths?***

Our specialist tutors will help them develop the skills they need to succeed at GCSE in weekly one to one online revision lessons. Trusted by secondary schools across the UK.

Visit [thirdspacelearning.com](https://thirdspacelearning.com) to find out more.