

Types of Number - Worksheet

Skill

Group A - Odd and even numbers

Use the clues to identify the numbers described below:

- 1) The greatest odd number formed by the digits 2, 8 and 5
- 2) The smallest even number formed by the digits 4, 3, 1 and 6
- 3) The smallest odd number formed by the digits 7, 2 and 9
- 4) The greatest even number formed by the digits 5, 7, 6 and 1
- 5) The smallest odd number formed by the digits 4, 7, 3 and 2
- 6) The greatest odd number formed by the digits 1, 9 and 8
- 7) All possible odd numbers formed by the digits 7, 4 and 9
- 8) All possible even numbers formed by the digits 2, 5 and 3
- 9) All possible odd numbers formed by the digits 3, 6 and 2
- 10) All possible even numbers formed by the digits 6, 1 and 8
- 11) All possible even numbers formed by the digits 6, 3 and 7
- 12) All possible odd numbers formed by the digits 9, 5 and 6

Group B - Prime numbers and composite numbers

Decide whether the numbers below are prime or composite:

- | | | |
|--------|--------|---------|
| 1) 67 | 2) 530 | 3) 41 |
| 4) 825 | 5) 19 | 6) 87 |
| 7) 62 | 8) 293 | 9) 157 |
| 10) 68 | 11) 91 | 12) 383 |
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Types of Number - Worksheet

Group C - Types of number problem solving

Use the clues to identify the numbers described below:

- 1) A prime number that is a factor of 16
- 2) A two-digit triangular number that is a multiple of 5
- 3) A two-digit number that is:
 - a square number
 - greater than 10
 - a number with only 3 factors
- 4) A two-digit number that is:
 - a triangular number
 - a multiple of 7
 - a number with 4 factors
- 5) A square number that is:
 - less than 100
 - a triangular number
 - not 1
- 6) A prime number between 20 and 30
- 7) Two prime numbers with a product of 39
- 8) Two square numbers that add to give a total of 100
- 9) A two-digit number that is:
 - a square number
 - a cube number
 - not 1
- 10) The smallest number greater than 200 that is a multiple of 6
- 11) The first even number that is a multiple of 5 and 7
- 12) Two square numbers that add to give a total of 85

Types of Number - Worksheet

Applied

- 1) Sort the square and cube numbers into the Venn diagram.

7^2

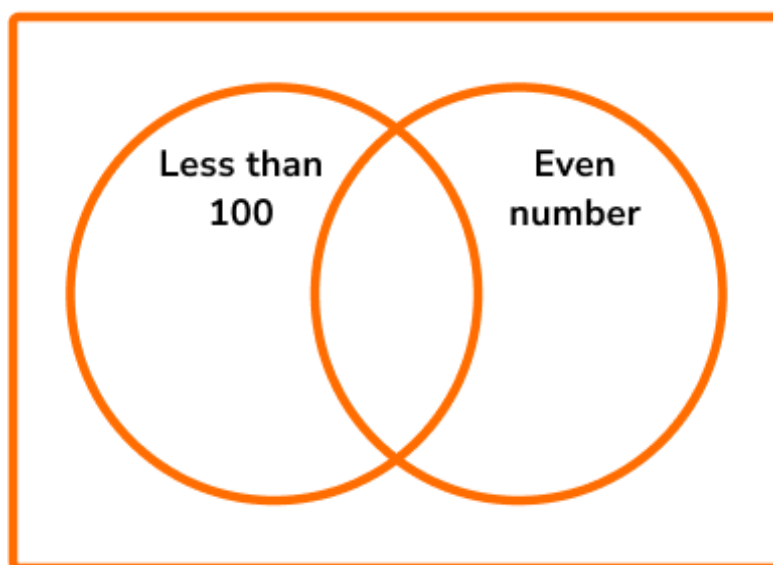
8^3

6^2

12^3

3^3

9^2



- 2) Complete the sum below, using all of the numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, to find the smallest odd number.

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- 3) Complete the sum below, using all of the numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, to find the biggest odd number.

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Types of Number - Worksheet

- 4) Match the square and cube numbers to the correct cards.

144	8^2
64	12^2
729	9^3
121	

- 5) Use the 5 cards shown to complete the statements below.

7^3	100	11^3	4^2	125
<input type="text"/>	<	<input type="text"/>		
<input type="text"/>	>	<input type="text"/>		

Types of Number - Exam Questions

1) Identify:

- (a) The square of 6 (1)
- (b) The square root of 64 (1)
- (c) The cube root of 27 (1)
- (d) The next prime number after 23 (1)
- (4 marks)**

2) Here is a list of numbers.

6, 7, 9, 11, 13, 20, 26, 47, 51

From this list write down:

- (a) An even number (1)
- (b) A square number (1)
- (c) Two numbers with a sum of 37 (1)
- (d) Two numbers with a difference of 25 (1)
- (e) A multiple of 5 (1)
- (f) A factor of 33 (1)
- (6 marks)**

Types of Number - Exam Questions

3)

5		20	26
	6		
		33	
			28
25		12	

From the box write down:

- (a) A square number **(1)**
- (b) A number that is a multiple of 7 **(1)**
- (c) Two numbers that are factors of 40 **(2)**
- (d) Two numbers with a sum of 59 **(2)**
- (6 marks)**
-

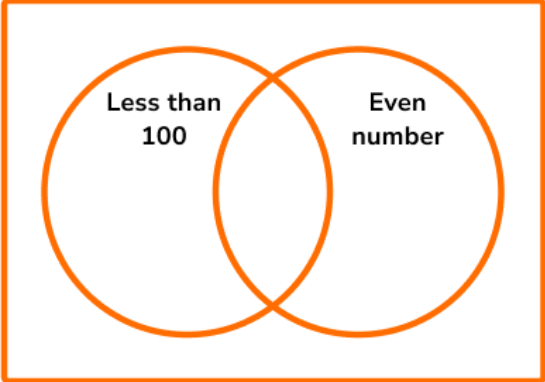
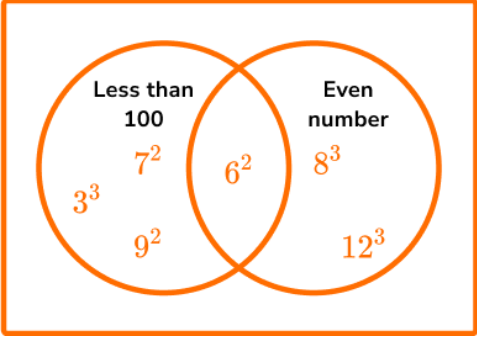
Types of Number - Answers

	Question	Answer
	Skill Questions	
Group A	<p>Use the clues to identify the numbers described below:</p> <p>1) The greatest odd number formed by the digits 2, 8 and 5.</p> <p>2) The smallest even number formed by the digits 4, 3, 1 and 6.</p> <p>3) The smallest odd number formed by the digits 7, 2 and 9.</p> <p>4) The greatest even number formed by the digits 5, 7, 6 and 1.</p> <p>5) The smallest odd number formed by the digits 4, 7, 3 and 2.</p> <p>6) The greatest odd number formed by the digits 1, 9 and 8.</p> <p>7) All possible odd numbers formed by the digits 7, 4 and 9.</p> <p>8) All possible even numbers formed by the digits 2, 5 and 3.</p> <p>9) All possible odd numbers formed by the digits 3, 6 and 2.</p> <p>10) All possible even numbers formed by the digits 6, 1 and 8.</p> <p>11) All possible even numbers formed by the digits 6, 3 and 7.</p> <p>12) All possible odd numbers formed by the digits 9, 5 and 6.</p>	<p>1) 825</p> <p>2) 1346</p> <p>3) 279</p> <p>4) 7516</p> <p>5) 2347</p> <p>6) 981</p> <p>7) 479, 497, 749, 947</p> <p>8) 352, 532</p> <p>9) 263, 623</p> <p>10) 168, 186, 618, 816</p> <p>11) 376, 736</p> <p>12) 569, 659, 695, 965</p>

Types of Number - Answers

Group B	<p>Decide whether the numbers below are prime or composite:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) 67 2) 530 3) 41 4) 825 5) 19 6) 87 7) 62 8) 293 9) 157 10) 68 11) 91 12) 383 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) Prime 2) Composite ($2 \times 5 \times 53$) 3) Prime 4) Composite ($3 \times 5^2 \times 11$) 5) Prime 6) Composite (3×29) 7) Composite (2×31) 8) Prime 9) Prime 10) Composite ($2^2 \times 17$) 11) Composite (7×13) 12) Prime
Group C	<p>Use the clues to identify the numbers described below:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) A prime number that is a factor of 16 2) A two-digit triangular number that is a multiple of 5 3) A two-digit square number greater than 10 with only 3 factors. 4) A two-digit triangular number with 4 factors that is a multiple of 7 5) A square number less than 100 that is also a triangular number but is not 1 6) A prime number between 20 and 30 7) Two prime numbers with a product of 39 8) Two square numbers that add to give a total of 100 9) A number that is a square number and a cube number that is not 1 10) The smallest number greater than 200 that is a multiple of 6 11) The first even number that is a multiple of 5 and 7 12) Two square numbers that add to give a total of 85 	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1) 2 2) 10 or 15 or 45 or 55 3) 25 or 49 4) 91 5) 36 6) 23 or 29 7) 3 and 13 8) 36 and 64 9) 64 10) 204 11) 70 12) 36 and 49

Types of Number - Answers

	Question	Answer
	Applied Questions	
1)	<p>Sort the square and cube numbers into the Venn diagram.</p> <p>7^2 8^3 6^2 12^3 3^3 9^2</p> 	
2)	<p>Complete the sum below, using all of the numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, to find the smallest odd number.</p> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center; gap: 10px;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;"> <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; margin-bottom: 5px;"></div> <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; margin-bottom: 5px;"></div> <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px;"></div> </div> — <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;"> <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; margin-bottom: 5px;"></div> <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; margin-bottom: 5px;"></div> <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px;"></div> </div> </div>	$412 - 365 = 47$
3)	<p>Complete the sum below, using all of the numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 and 6, to find the biggest odd number.</p> <div style="display: flex; align-items: center; gap: 10px;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;"> <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; margin-bottom: 5px;"></div> <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; margin-bottom: 5px;"></div> <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px;"></div> </div> — <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px; display: inline-block;"> <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; margin-bottom: 5px;"></div> <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px; margin-bottom: 5px;"></div> <div style="border-bottom: 1px solid black; width: 20px; height: 20px;"></div> </div> </div>	$654 - 123 = 531$

Types of Number - Answers

4)	a) Match the square and cube numbers to the correct cards. <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: flex-start;"> <div style="border: 1px solid orange; padding: 5px; margin: 5px;">144</div> <div style="border: 1px solid orange; padding: 5px; margin: 5px;">8^2</div> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: flex-start;"> <div style="border: 1px solid orange; padding: 5px; margin: 5px;">64</div> <div style="border: 1px solid orange; padding: 5px; margin: 5px;">12^2</div> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: flex-start;"> <div style="border: 1px solid orange; padding: 5px; margin: 5px;">729</div> <div style="border: 1px solid orange; padding: 5px; margin: 5px;">9^3</div> </div> <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: flex-start;"> <div style="border: 1px solid orange; padding: 5px; margin: 5px;">121</div> </div>
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Types of Number - Mark Scheme

	Question	Answer	
	Exam Questions		
1)	Identify:		
(a)	The square of 6	(a) 36	(1)
(b)	The square root of 64	(b) 8	(1)
(c)	The cube root of 27	(c) 3	(1)
(d)	The next prime number after 23	(d) 29	(1)
2)	Here is a list of numbers. 6, 7, 9, 11, 13, 20, 26, 47, 51 From this list write down		
(a)	An even number	(a) 6, 20 or 26	(1)
(b)	A square number	(b) 9	(1)
(c)	Two numbers with a sum of 37	(c) 26 and 11	(1)
(d)	Two numbers with a difference of 25	(d) 26 and 51	(1)
(e)	A multiple of 5	(e) 20	(1)
(f)	A factor of 33	(f) 11	(1)
3)	<div style="border: 1px solid orange; padding: 10px; display: inline-block;"> 5 20 26 6 33 28 25 12 </div> From the box write down		
(a)	A square number	(a) 25	(1)
(b)	A number that is a multiple of 7	(b) 28	(1)
(c)	Two numbers that are factors of 40	(c) 5 and 20	(1)
(d)	Two numbers with a sum of 59	(d) 26 and 33	(1)

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