

# Rearranging Formulae - Worksheet

## Skill

### Group A - Rearranging linear formulae

Make  $x$  the subject:

1)  $y = 4x + 8$

2)  $y = 4x - 8$

3)  $3y = 4x - 8$

4)  $y = 2x - 7$

5)  $y = 2x + 7$

6)  $5y = 2x + 7$

7)  $y = 7x + 5$

8)  $y = 7x - 5$

9)  $6y = 7x - 5$

10)  $y = 4 + 3x$

11)  $y = 4 - 3x$

12)  $4y = 4 - 3x$

### Group B - Rearranging formulae with fractions

Make  $x$  the subject:

1)  $y = \frac{6x+5}{3}$

2)  $y = \frac{6x-5}{3}$

3)  $y = \frac{2x+7}{3}$

4)  $y = \frac{2x-7}{3}$

5)  $y = \frac{x}{8} - 7$

6)  $y = \frac{x}{8} + 7$

7)  $y = \frac{x}{3} + 5$

8)  $y = \frac{x}{3} - 5$

9)  $y = \frac{5x+4}{7}$

10)  $y = \frac{4-5x}{7}$

11)  $3y = \frac{4-2x}{5}$

12)  $-3y = \frac{4-2x}{5}$

### Group C - Rearranging formulae with powers and roots

Make  $x$  the subject:

1)  $y = x^2 - 5$

2)  $y = x^2 + 5$

3)  $y = \sqrt{\frac{x-4}{5}}$

4)  $y = \sqrt{\frac{x+4}{5}}$

5)  $y = \frac{\sqrt{x-4}}{5}$

6)  $y = \frac{\sqrt{x+4}}{5}$

7)  $y = (x + 4)^3$

8)  $y = (x - 4)^3$

9)  $y = (2x + 4)^3$

10)  $y = (2x - 4)^3$

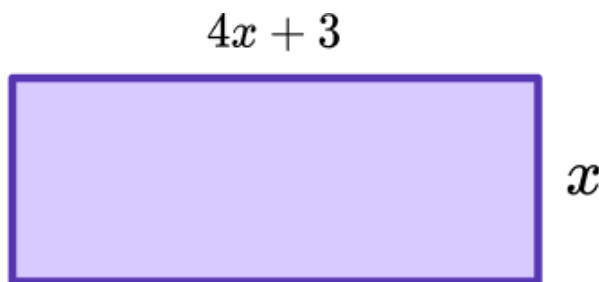
11)  $\sqrt[3]{x - 7}y = 2$

12)  $\sqrt[3]{x + 7}y = 2$

## Rearranging Formulae - Worksheet

### Applied

- 1) The circumference of a circle is given as  $c = 2\pi r$ .  
Make the radius,  $r$ , the subject of the formula.
- 2) Make  $x$  the subject in the following formulae:
  - (a)  $A = \pi r^2 + 2\pi r x$
  - (b)  $5(x + 2) = 4(x + 3y)$
- 3) The cosine rule is  $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos(A)$ .  
Make  $\cos(A)$  the subject.
- 4)
  - (a) Make  $u$  the subject in the following formulae:  $v = u + 10t$
  - (b) Work out the value of  $u$  when  $v = 4$  and  $t = 2$ .
- 5) Given that  $2x + 3y = 1$ , what does  $y$  equal?
- 6) Below is a rectangle.



- (a)  $P$  is the perimeter of the rectangle. Show that  $P = 10x + 6$
- (b) Express  $x$  in terms of  $P$ .

## Rearranging Formulae - Exam Questions

- 1) Make  $g$  the subject of  $f = 2g - 6$ .

.....  
(2 marks)

- 2) Rearrange  $p = \frac{4r}{7}$  to make  $r$  the subject.

.....  
(2 marks)

- 3) Given that  $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$ :

- (a) Work out the value of  $v$  when  $u = 5$ ,  $a = 2$  and  $s = 3$ .

.....  
(3)

- (b) Make  $u$  the subject of the formula  $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$

.....  
(2)

## Rearranging Formulae - Exam Questions

- (c) Make  $s$  the subject of the formula  $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$

.....  
(2)  
(7 marks)

- 
- 4) Rearrange  $4x - y + 4 = 0$  to make  $x$  the subject.

.....  
(2 marks)

## Rearranging Formulae - Answers

	Question	Answer
	Skill Questions	
Group A	Make $x$ the subject:	
	<b>1)</b> $y = 4x + 8$	<b>1)</b> $x = \frac{y-8}{4}$
	<b>2)</b> $y = 4x - 8$	<b>2)</b> $x = \frac{y+8}{4}$
	<b>3)</b> $3y = 4x - 8$	<b>3)</b> $x = \frac{3y+8}{4}$
	<b>4)</b> $y = 2x - 7$	<b>4)</b> $x = \frac{y+7}{2}$
	<b>5)</b> $y = 2x + 7$	<b>5)</b> $x = \frac{y-7}{2}$
	<b>6)</b> $5y = 2x + 7$	<b>6)</b> $x = \frac{5y-7}{2}$
	<b>7)</b> $y = 7x + 5$	<b>7)</b> $x = \frac{y-5}{7}$
	<b>8)</b> $y = 7x - 5$	<b>8)</b> $x = \frac{y+5}{7}$
	<b>9)</b> $6y = 7x - 5$	<b>9)</b> $x = \frac{6y+5}{7}$
	<b>10)</b> $y = 4 + 3x$	<b>10)</b> $x = \frac{y-4}{3}$
	<b>11)</b> $y = 4 - 3x$	<b>11)</b> $x = \frac{4-y}{3}$
	<b>12)</b> $4y = 4 - 3x$	<b>12)</b> $x = \frac{4-4y}{3}$


## Rearranging Formulae - Answers

Group B	Make $x$ the subject:	
	1) $y = \frac{6x+5}{3}$	1) $x = \frac{3y-5}{6}$
	2) $y = \frac{6x-5}{3}$	2) $x = \frac{3y+5}{6}$
	3) $y = \frac{2x+7}{3}$	3) $x = \frac{3y-7}{2}$
	4) $y = \frac{2x-7}{3}$	4) $x = \frac{3y+7}{2}$
	5) $y = \frac{x}{8} - 7$	5) $x = 8(y + 7)$
	6) $y = \frac{x}{8} + 7$	6) $x = 8(y - 7)$
	7) $y = \frac{x}{3} + 5$	7) $x = 3(y - 5)$
	8) $y = \frac{x}{3} - 5$	8) $x = 3(y + 5)$
	9) $y = \frac{5x+4}{7}$	9) $x = \frac{7y-4}{5}$
	10) $y = \frac{4-5x}{7}$	10) $x = \frac{4-7y}{5}$
	11) $3y = \frac{4-2x}{5}$	11) $x = \frac{4-15y}{2}$
	12) $-3y = \frac{4-2x}{5}$	12) $x = \frac{4+15y}{2}$

## Rearranging Formulae - Answers

Group C	Make $x$ the subject:	
	1) $y = x^2 - 5$	1) $x = \sqrt{y + 5}$
	2) $y = x^2 + 5$	2) $x = \sqrt{y - 5}$
	3) $y = \sqrt{\frac{x-4}{5}}$	3) $x = 5y^2 + 4$
	4) $y = \sqrt{\frac{x+4}{5}}$	4) $x = 5y^2 - 4$
	5) $y = \frac{\sqrt{x-4}}{5}$	5) $x = 25y^2 + 4$
	6) $y = \frac{\sqrt{x+4}}{5}$	6) $x = 25y^2 - 4$
	7) $y = (x + 4)^3$	7) $x = \sqrt[3]{y} - 4$
	8) $y = (x - 4)^3$	8) $x = \sqrt[3]{y} + 4$
	9) $y = (2x + 4)^3$	9) $x = \frac{\sqrt[3]{y-4}}{2}$
	10) $y = (2x - 4)^3$	10) $x = \frac{\sqrt[3]{y+4}}{2}$
	11) $\sqrt[3]{x - 7y} = 2$	11) $x = 7y + 8$
	12) $\sqrt[3]{x + 7y} = 2$	12) $x = 8 - 7y$

## Rearranging Formulae - Answers

	Question	Answer
	Applied Questions	
1)	The circumference of a circle is given as $c = 2\pi r$ . Make the radius, $r$ , the subject of the formula.	$r = \frac{c}{2\pi}$
2)	<b>a)</b> Make $x$ the subject in the following formulae. $A = \pi r^2 + 2\pi r x$ <b>b)</b> $5(x + 2) = 4(x + 3y)$	<b>a)</b> $x = \frac{A - \pi r^2}{2\pi r}$ <b>b)</b> $x = 12y - 10$
3)	The cosine rule is $a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos(A)$ . Make $\cos(A)$ the subject.	$\cos(A) = \frac{b^2 + c^2 - a^2}{2bc}$
4)	<b>a)</b> Make $u$ the subject in the following formulae $v = u + 10t$ . <b>b)</b> Work out the value of $u$ when $v = 4$ and $t = 2$	<b>a)</b> $u = v - 10t$ <b>b)</b> $u = 4 - (10 \times 2) = -16$
5)	Given that $2x + 3y = 1$ , what does $y$ equal?	$y = \frac{1-2x}{3}$
6)	<p>Below is a rectangle.</p>  <p><math>P</math> is the perimeter of the rectangle.</p> <p><b>a)</b> Show that <math>P = 10x + 6</math></p> <p><b>b)</b> Express <math>x</math> in terms of <math>P</math>.</p>	<p><b>a)</b> <math>P = 4x + 3 + 4x + 3 + x + x</math>  <math>P = 10x + 6</math></p> <p><b>b)</b> <math>x = \frac{P-6}{10}</math></p>



## Rearranging Formulae - Mark Scheme

	Question	Answer	
	Exam Questions		
1)	Make $g$ the subject of $f = 2g - 6$	$f + 6 = 2g$ $g = \frac{f+6}{2}$	(1) (1)
2)	Rearrange $p = \frac{4r}{7}$ to make $r$ the subject.	$7p = 4r$ $r = \frac{7p}{4}$	(1) (1)
3) (a)	$v^2 = u^2 + 2as$  Work out the value of $v$ when $u = 5$ , $a = 2$ and $s = 3$ .	(a) $v^2 = 5^2 + 2 \times 2 \times 3$  $v^2 = 37$  $v = \sqrt{37}$ or 6.08 (to 2 dp)	(1)  (1) (1)
(b)	Make $u$ the subject of the formula $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$	(b) $u^2 = v^2 - 2as$  $u = \sqrt{v^2 - 2as}$	(1) (1)
(c)	Make $s$ the subject of the formula $v^2 = u^2 + 2as$	(c) $2as = v^2 - u^2$  $s = \frac{v^2 - u^2}{2a}$	(1) (1)
4)	Rearrange $4x - y + 4 = 0$ to make $x$ the subject.	$4x = y - 4$  $x = \frac{y-4}{4}$	(1) (1)

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