

## Symmetry - Worksheet

### Skill

#### Group A - Lines of symmetry in quadrilaterals

State the number of lines of symmetry for the following quadrilaterals:

1) Square



2) Rectangle



3) Parallelogram



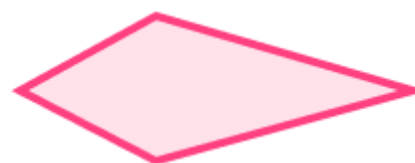
4) Parallelogram



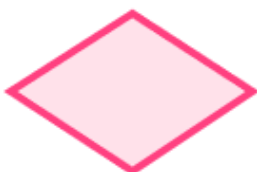
5) Rhombus



6) Kite



7) Diamond



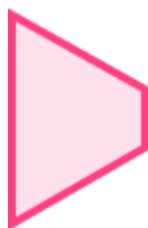
8) Trapezium



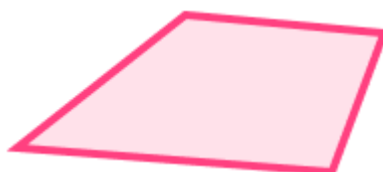
9) Isosceles Trapezium



10) Isosceles Trapezium



11) Irregular Quadrilateral



12) Arrowhead

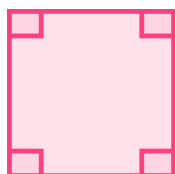


# Symmetry - Worksheet

## Group B - Angle facts

Use angle facts to determine the number of lines of symmetry:

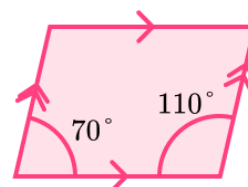
1)



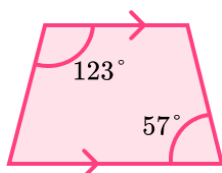
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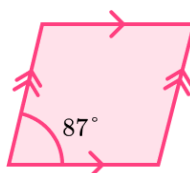
3)



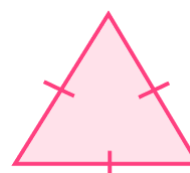
4)



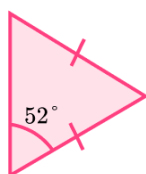
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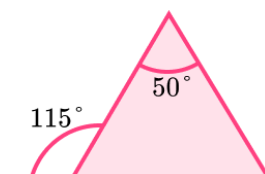
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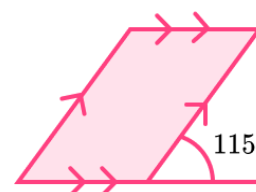
7)



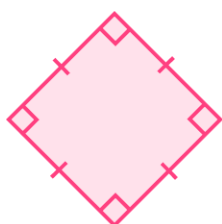
8)



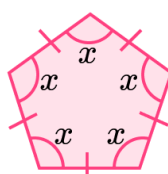
9)



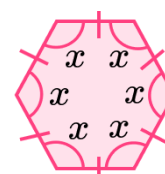
10)



11)



12)



## Symmetry - Worksheet

### Group C - Rotational symmetry in polygons

State the order of rotational symmetry for the following polygons:

1) Square



2) Rectangle



3) Parallelogram



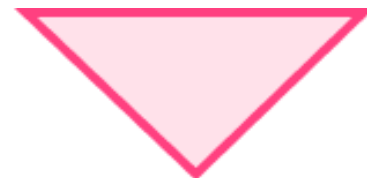
4) Rhombus



5) Equilateral Triangle



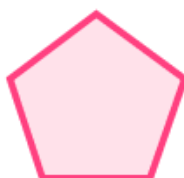
6) Isosceles Triangle



7) Regular Hexagon



8) Regular Pentagon



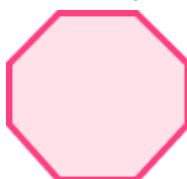
9) Isosceles Trapezium



10) Cross



11) Regular Octagon



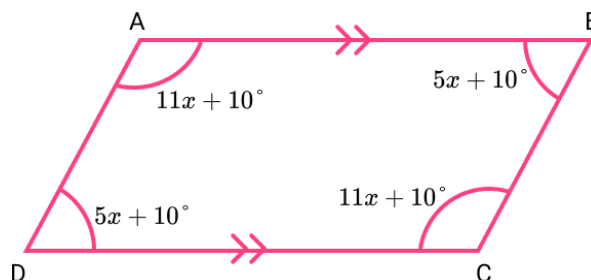
12) Arrowhead



# Symmetry - Worksheet

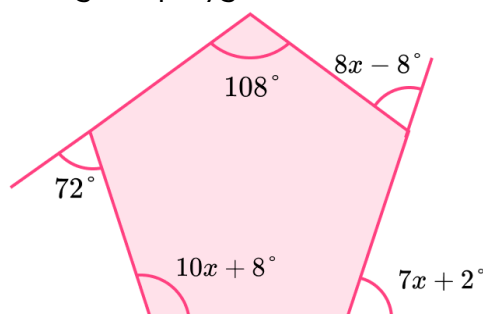
## Applied

- 1) (a) Calculate the value of  $x$ .



- (b) State the order of rotational symmetry for  $ABCD$ .

- 2) (a) The shape below is a regular polygon. Calculate the value of  $x$ .

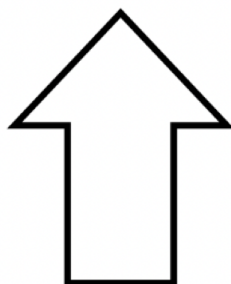


- (b) State the number of lines of symmetry for the shape in part (a).

- 3) (a) What set of shapes have the same number of lines of symmetry as their order of rotational symmetry?
- (b) Give the name of a quadrilateral that has an order of rotational symmetry greater than their number of lines of symmetry.
- 4) (a) Draw two congruent isosceles triangles. By joining one side the triangles together, create two different shapes that have a rotational symmetry of order 2.
- (b) Draw the net of a regular tetrahedron so that it has a rotational symmetry of 3 and 3 lines of symmetry. Do not include tabs.

## Symmetry - Exam Questions

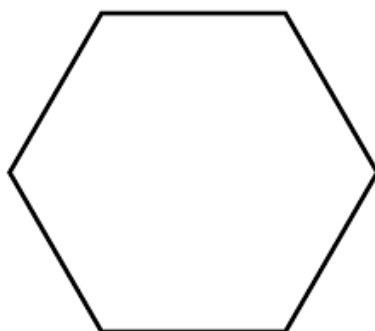
- 1) An arrow is drawn below.



Draw all the lines of symmetry on this shape.

**(1 mark)**

- 
- 2) The diagram below shows a regular hexagon.



- (a) Write down the order of rotational symmetry of the hexagon.

.....  
**(1)**

- (b) On the diagram draw all the lines of symmetry.

**(2)**  
**(3 marks)**

## Symmetry - Exam Questions

- 3) (a) How many lines of symmetry does a regular octagon have?

.....  
(1)

- (b) Match each polygon to their correct description:



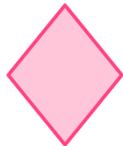
Rotational Symmetry = 2  
Lines of Symmetry = 0



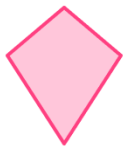
Rotational Symmetry = 6  
Lines of Symmetry = 6



Rotational Symmetry = 3  
Lines of Symmetry = 3



Rotational Symmetry = 4  
Lines of Symmetry = 4








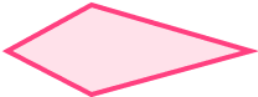
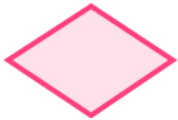

Rotational Symmetry = 1  
Lines of Symmetry = 1





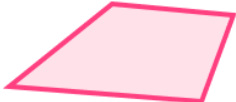

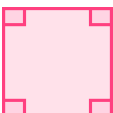

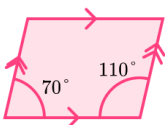
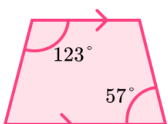
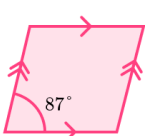
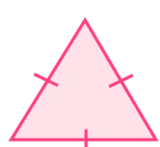
Rotational Symmetry = 2  
Lines of Symmetry = 2

(5 marks)

## Symmetry - Answers

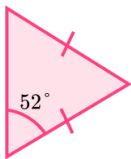
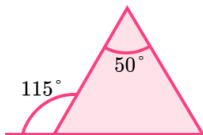
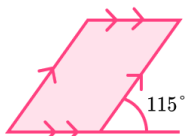
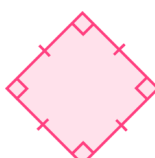
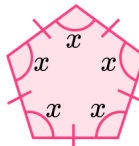
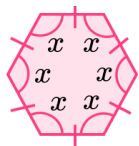



	Question	Answer
	Skill Questions	
Group A	<p>State the number of lines of symmetry for the following quadrilaterals:</p> <p><b>1) Square</b></p>  <p><b>2) Rectangle</b></p>  <p><b>3) Parallelogram</b></p>  <p><b>4) Parallelogram</b></p>  <p><b>5) Rhombus</b></p>  <p><b>6) Kite</b></p>  <p><b>7) Diamond</b></p>  <p><b>8) Trapezium</b></p> 	<p><b>1) 4</b></p> <p><b>2) 2</b></p> <p><b>3) 0</b></p> <p><b>4) 0</b></p> <p><b>5) 2</b></p> <p><b>6) 1</b></p> <p><b>7) 2</b></p> <p><b>8) 0</b></p>

## Symmetry - Answers


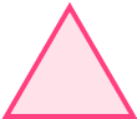

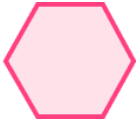
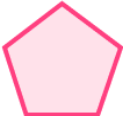


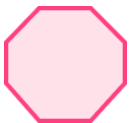

<p><b>Group A</b> contd</p>	<p><b>9)</b> Isosceles Trapezium  </p> <p><b>10)</b> Isosceles Trapezium  </p> <p><b>11)</b> Irregular Quadrilateral  </p> <p><b>12)</b> Arrowhead  </p>	<p><b>9)</b> 1</p> <p><b>10)</b> 1</p> <p><b>11)</b> 0</p> <p><b>12)</b> 1</p>
<p><b>Group B</b></p>	<p>Use angle facts to determine the number of lines of symmetry:</p> <p><b>1)</b> </p> <p><b>2)</b> </p> <p><b>3)</b> </p> <p><b>4)</b> </p> <p><b>5)</b> </p> <p><b>6)</b> </p>	<p><b>1)</b> 4, all four angles are equal to <math>90^\circ</math> (and all side lengths equal)</p> <p><b>2)</b> 2, all four angles are equal to <math>90^\circ</math></p> <p><b>3)</b> 0, co-interior angles total <math>180^\circ</math>, opposing angles are equal</p> <p><b>4)</b> 1, co-interior angles total <math>180^\circ</math>, adjacent angles are equal</p> <p><b>5)</b> 0, co-interior angle = <math>93^\circ</math>, opposing angles are equal, not adjacent</p> <p><b>6)</b> 3, all equal angles of <math>60^\circ</math> (equilateral triangle / regular polygon)</p>



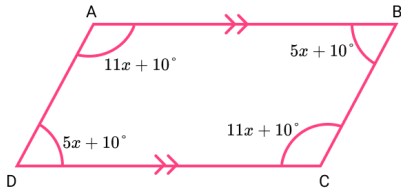
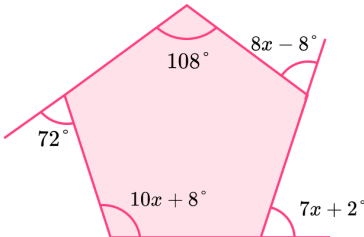
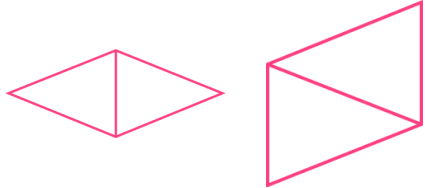
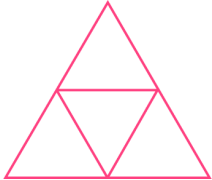
## Symmetry - Answers

Group B contd	<p><b>7)</b> </p> <p><b>8)</b> </p> <p><b>9)</b> </p> <p><b>10)</b> </p> <p><b>11)</b> </p> <p><b>12)</b> </p>	<p><b>7)</b> 1, Other two angles are <math>52^\circ</math> and <math>76^\circ</math></p> <p><b>8)</b> 1, other two interior angles are <math>65^\circ</math> and <math>65^\circ</math>, angles on a straight line total <math>180^\circ</math></p> <p><b>9)</b> 0, opposite interior angles are <math>65^\circ</math> and <math>115^\circ</math></p> <p><b>10)</b> 4, as all sides are parallel and two sides are perpendicular, all angles equal <math>90^\circ</math> (assuming a square)</p> <p><b>11)</b> 5, all sides equal length, regular pentagon, all interior angles equal</p> <p><b>12)</b> 6, all equal angles and all equal sides</p>
Group C	<p>Calculate the order of rotational symmetry for the following polygons:</p> <p><b>1)</b> Square </p> <p><b>2)</b> Rectangle </p> <p><b>3)</b> Parallelogram </p>	<p><b>1)</b> 4</p> <p><b>2)</b> 2</p> <p><b>3)</b> 2</p>


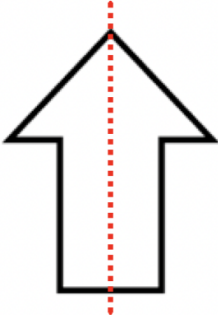
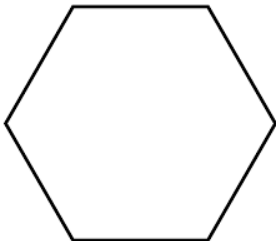
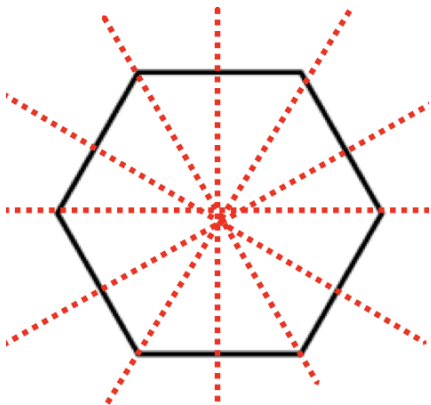
## Symmetry - Answers

Group C contd	4)	Rhombus		4) 2
	5)	Equilateral Triangle		5) 3
	6)	Isosceles Triangle		6) 1
	7)	Regular Hexagon		7) 6
	8)	Regular Pentagon		8) 5
	9)	Isosceles Trapezium		9) 1
	10)	Cross		10) 4
	11)	Regular Octagon		11) 8
	12)	Arrowhead		12) 1



















## Symmetry - Answers

	Question	Answer
	Applied Questions	
1)	<p><b>a)</b> Calculate the value of <math>x</math>.</p>  <p><b>b)</b> State the order of rotational symmetry for <math>ABCD</math>.</p>	<p><b>a)</b> <math>5x + 10 + 11x + 10 = 180</math>  <math>16x + 20 = 180</math>  <math>16x = 160</math>  <math>x = 10</math></p> <p><b>b)</b> 2</p>
2)	<p><b>a)</b> The shape below is a regular polygon. Calculate the value of <math>x</math>.</p>  <p><b>b)</b> State the number of lines of symmetry for the shape in part (a).</p>	<p><b>a)</b> One of the following:  <math>8x - 8 = 72</math>  <math>7x + 2 = 72</math>          or <math>10x + 8 = 108</math>  <math>x = 10</math></p> <p><b>b)</b> 5</p>
3)	<p><b>(a)</b> What set of shapes have the same number of lines of symmetry as their order of rotational symmetry?</p> <p><b>b)</b> Give the name of a quadrilateral that has an order of rotational symmetry greater than their number of lines of symmetry.</p>	<p><b>a)</b> Regular polygons</p> <p><b>b)</b> Parallelogram</p>
4)	<p><b>a)</b> Draw two congruent isosceles triangles. By joining one side of each triangle together, create two shapes that have a rotational symmetry of order 2.</p> <p><b>b)</b> Draw the net of a regular tetrahedron so that it has a rotational symmetry of 3 and 3 lines of symmetry. Do not include tabs.</p>	<p><b>a)</b> </p> <p><b>b)</b> </p>

## Symmetry - Mark Scheme

	Question	Answer	
	Exam Questions		
1)	<p>An arrow is drawn below.</p>  <p>Draw all the lines of symmetry on this shape.</p>		(1)
2)	<p>The diagram below shows a regular hexagon.</p>  <p>(a) Write down the order of rotational symmetry of the hexagon.</p>	(a) 6	(1)
(b)	<p>On the diagram draw all the lines of symmetry.</p>	<p>(b)</p>  <p>3 correct lines of symmetry Fully correct diagram</p>	(1) (1)

## Symmetry - Answers

3) (a)	How many lines of symmetry does a regular octagon have?	(a) 8	(1)
(b)	Match each polygon to their correct description:		
			Rotational Symmetry = 2 Lines of Symmetry = 0
			Rotational Symmetry = 6 Lines of Symmetry = 6
			Rotational Symmetry = 3 Lines of Symmetry = 3
			Rotational Symmetry = 4 Lines of Symmetry = 4
			Rotational Symmetry = 1 Lines of Symmetry = 1
			Rotational Symmetry = 2 Lines of Symmetry = 2

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