Quadratic Sequences - Worksheet

Skill

Group A - Generate terms of quadratic sequences with a = 1Calculate the first five terms for each quadratic sequence. **1)** n^2 **2)** $n^2 + 1$ **3)** $n^2 - 8$

_,		
4) $n^2 + 4n$	5) $n^2 - 3n$	6) $n^2 + 4n + 3$
7) $n^2 - 5n - 8$	8) $n(n + 5)$	9) $n(n-5) + 10$

Group B - Generate terms of quadratic sequences with $a \neq 1$

Calculate the first five terms for each quadratic sequence:

1) $2n^2$	2) $4n^2 + 3$	3) $5n^2 - 7$
4) $0.5n^2 + 3$	5) $\frac{n^2}{10}$ + 6	6) $-3n^2 + 5n$
7) $-2n^2 - 2n - 3$	8) 2n(n + 1)	9) - n(n - 4) + 3

Group C - Find the nth term of quadratic sequences

Find the *nth* term for the following quadratic sequences:

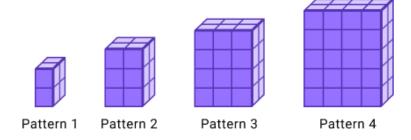
1) 6, 9, 14, 21, 30	2) 2, 6, 12, 20, 30	3) 4, 9, 16, 25, 36
4) - 9, - 10, - 9, - 6, - 1	5) 8, 14, 24, 38, 56	6) - 1, 4, 15, 32, 55
7) 13, 31, 57, 91, 133	8) 0.2, 0.8, 1.8, 3.2, 5	9) 7, 12, 15, 16, 15



Quadratic Sequences - Worksheet

Applied

- 1) Work out an expression for the n^{th} term of the quadratic sequence: 6, 11, 18, 27, 38 Give your answer in the form $an^2 + bn + c$ where a, b, and c are constants.
- 2) Below are the first four cuboids in a sequence. Each cuboid is split into 1*cm* cubes. The front face is highlighted in purple.



- (a) What is the area of the front face of Pattern 5?
- (b) What is the area of the front face of Pattern *n*?

3) Each term in the arithmetic sequence 5, 7, 9, 11, 13, ... is squared.

- (a) Calculate the n^{th} term of the new, quadratic sequence.
- (b) What is the value of the 10^{th} term in this quadratic sequence?

HIRD SPACE



Quadratic Sequences - Exam Questions

1) (a) Write down the next two terms in the following quadratic sequence:

11, 15, 21, 29, ...

(b) By determining the second difference, write an expression for the n^{th} term.

(3) (4 marks)

2) Which of these sequences is a quadratic sequence. Circle your answer.

4, 5, 9, 14, 23, ... - 6, - 11, - 16, - 21, - 26, ... 7, 13, 23, 37, 55, ... 8, 4, 2, 1, 0. 5, ...

.....(1 mark)

3) (a) The n^{th} term of a sequence is $n^2 + 4n - 1$. Work out the 8th term of the sequence.

(1)

(b) What value for *n* in the sequence above has a term value of 44? Do not use trial and improvement.

(3) (4 marks)



Quadratic Sequences - Exam Questions

	The n^{th} term of a sequence is $2n - n^2$.	
(a)	Calculate the difference between the 5^{th} and 8^{th} term.	
		(3)
(b)	Which term of the sequence is equal to -35 ?	
		(3)
(c)	Which term of the sequence is equal to 0?	
		(2)
		(8 marks)

5) Work out the formula for the n^{th} term of the sequence:

19, 15, 9, 1, ...

Write your answer in the form $an^2 + bn + c$ where *a*, *b*, and *c* are constants.

(4 marks)



Quadratic Sequences - Answers

	Question	Answer
	Skill Questions	
Group A	Calculate the first five terms for each quadratic sequence.	
	1) n^2	1) 1, 4, 9, 16, 25
	2) $n^2 + 1$	2) 2, 5, 10, 17, 26
	3) $n^2 - 8$	3) - 7, - 4, 1, 8, 17
	4) $n^2 + 4n$	4) 5, 12, 21, 32, 45
	5) $n^2 - 3n$	5) - 2, - 2, 0, 4, 10
	6) $n^2 + 4n + 3$	6) 8, 15, 24, 35, 48
	7) $n^2 - 5n - 8$	7) - 12, - 14, - 14, - 12, - 8
	8) $n(n + 5)$	8) 6, 14, 24, 36, 50
	9) $n(n-5) + 10$	9) 6, 4, 4, 6, 10
Group B	Calculate the first five terms for each quadratic sequence:	
	1) $2n^2$	1) 2, 8, 18, 32, 50
	2) $4n^2 + 3$	2) 7, 19, 39, 67, 103
	3) $5n^2 - 7$	3) - 2, 13, 38, 73, 118
	4) $0.5n^2 + 3$	4) 3.5, 5, 7.5, 11, 15.5
	5) $\frac{n^2}{10}$ + 6	5) 6. 1, 6. 4, 6. 9, 7. 6, 8. 5
	6) $-3n^2 + 5n$	6) 2, - 2, - 12, - 28, - 50
	7) $-2n^2 - 2n - 3$	7) - 7, - 15, - 27, - 43, - 63
	8) $2n(n + 1)$	8) 4, 12, 24, 40, 60
	9) $- n(n - 4) + 3$	9) 6, 7, 6, 3, - 2



Quadratic Sequences - Answers

Group C	Find the n^{th} term for the following quadratic sequences:	
	1) 6, 9, 14, 21, 30	1) $n^2 + 5$
	2) 2, 6, 12, 20, 30	2) $n^2 + n$
	3) 4, 9, 16, 25, 36	3) $n^2 + 2n + 1$ or $(n + 1)^2$
	4) - 9, - 10, - 9, - 6, - 1	4) $n^2 - 4n - 6$
	5) 8, 14, 24, 38, 56	5) $2n^2 + 6$
	6) - 1, 4, 15, 32, 55	6) $3n^2 - 4n$
	7) 13, 31, 57, 91, 133	7) $4n^2 + 6n + 3$
	8) 0. 2, 0. 8, 1. 8, 3. 2, 5	8) $\frac{n^2}{5}$
	9) 7, 12, 15, 16, 15	9) $n(8 - n)$ or $8n - n^2$



Quadratic Sequences - Answers

	Question	Answer
	Applied Questions	
1)	Work out an expression for the n^{th} term of the quadratic sequence: 6, 11, 18, 27, 38	$n^2 + 2n + 3$
	Give your answer in the form $an^2 + bn + c$ where <i>a</i> , <i>b</i> , and <i>c</i> are constants.	
2)	Below are the first four cuboids in a sequence.	
	Each cuboid is split into $1cm$ cubes. The front	
	face is highlighted in purple.	
	Pattern 1 Pattern 2 Pattern 3 Pattern 4	
	a) What is the area of the front face of Pattern 5?	a) $30cm^2$
	b) What is the area of the front face of Pattern <i>n</i> ?	b) $n(n + 1) = n^2 + n$
3)	Each term in the arithmetic sequence	
	5, 7, 9, 11, 13, is squared.	
	a) Calculate the n^{th} term of the new, quadratic sequence.	a) $(2n+3)^2 = 4n^2 + 12n + 9$
	b) What is the value of the 10 th term in this quadratic sequence?	b) 529



Quadratic Sequences - Mark Scheme

	Question	Answer	
	Exam Questions		
1) (a) Write down the next two terms in the following quadratic sequence: 11, 15, 21, 29,	(a) 39, 51	(1)
(b) By determining the second difference, write an expression for the n^{th} term.	(b) n^2 n + 9 $n^2 + n + 9$	(1)(1)(1)
2)	Which of these sequences is a quadratic sequence. Circle your answer.	7, 13, 23, 37, 55	(1)
	4, 5, 9, 14, 23, -6 , -11 , -16 , -21 , -26 , 7, 13, 23, 37, 55, 8, 4, 2, 1, 0.5,		
3) (a) The n^{th} term of a sequence is $n^2 + 4n - 1$. Work out the 8 th term of the sequence.	(a) 95	(1)
(b	What value for <i>n</i> in the sequence above has a term value of 44? Do not use trial and improvement.	(b) $n^{2} + 4n - 1 = 44$ $n^{2} + 4n - 45 = 0$ (n + 9)(n - 5) = 0 so $n = 5$ only.	(1)(1)(1)
4)	The n^{th} term of a sequence is $2n - n^2$.		
(a	Calculate the difference between the 5^{th} and 8^{th} term.	(a) 5th term = -15 8th term = -48 5th term -8 th term = 33	(1) (1) (1)
(b) Which term of the sequence is equal to - 35?	(b) $2n - n^2 = -35$ $n^2 - 2n - 35 = 0$ (n - 7)(n + 5) = 0 so $n = 7$ only.	(1)(1)(1)
(c) Which term of the sequence is equal to 0?	(c) $n(2 - n) = 0$ n = 2 only.	(1) (1)
		Or using substitution of $n = 1$ and $n = 2$ into the n^{th} term n = 2.	(1) (1)



Quadratic Sequences - Mark Scheme

5)	Work out the formula for the nth term of the sequence: 19, 15, 9, 1,	Second difference = -2 $-n^2 = -1$, -4 , -9 , -16 , -25 ,	(1)
	Write your answer in the form $an^2 + bn + c$ where <i>a</i> , <i>b</i> , and <i>c</i> are constants.	20, 19, 18, 17, 16, (= $21 - n$ or $-n + 21$)	(1)
	constants.	$n \text{th term} = -n^2 - n + 21$	(1)
		a = -1, b = -1, c = 21.	(1)

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