

Rationalise the Denominator - Worksheet

Skill

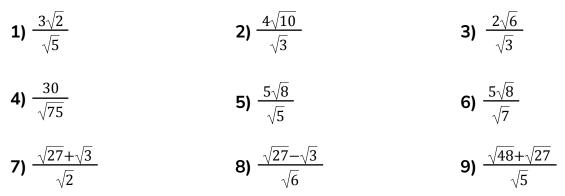
Group A - Simple fractions with surds

Rationalise the denominator:

1) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$	2) $\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$	3) $\frac{3}{\sqrt{2}}$
4) $\frac{10}{\sqrt{5}}$	5) $\frac{20}{\sqrt{5}}$	6) $\frac{20}{\sqrt{10}}$
7) $\frac{16}{\sqrt{32}}$	8) $\frac{8}{\sqrt{32}}$	9) $-\frac{4}{\sqrt{12}}$

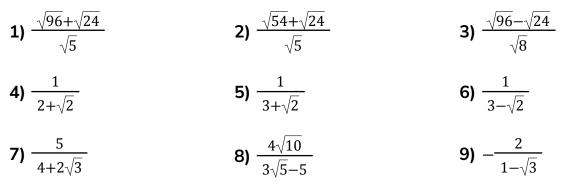
Group B - Fractions requiring some simplification

Rationalise the denominator:



Group C -Simplification and using conjugates

Rationalise the denominator:





Rationalise the Denominator - Worksheet

Applied

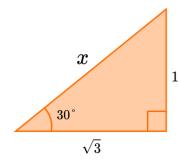
1) (a) Rationalise the denominator:
$$\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$$

(b) Hence, or otherwise, simplify:
$$\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$$

2) (a) Rationalise the denominator:
$$\frac{2\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{10}}$$

(b) Hence, or otherwise, simplify
$$\frac{2\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{10}} + \frac{3\sqrt{20}}{5}$$
.
Write your answer as a single surd in the form $a\sqrt{5}$.

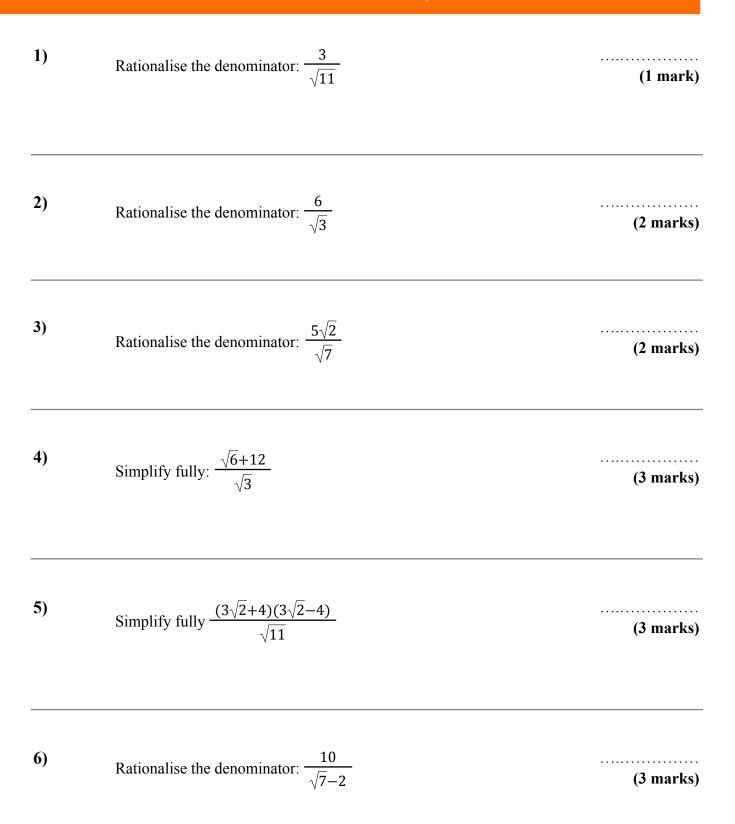
3) (a) Using Pythagoras' Theorem, find the value of
$$x$$
.



(b) Hence, write down the exact value of tan 30° .



Rationalise the Denominator - Exam Questions





Rationalise the Denominator - Exam Questions

7)

Show that
$$\frac{12+\sqrt{45}}{3\sqrt{5}-6}$$
 can be written as $13 + 6\sqrt{5}$.

(3 marks)

(4 marks)

8)

Show that $\frac{3\sqrt{10}}{\sqrt{6}} - \frac{2\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{12}}$ can be written in the form $\frac{a\sqrt{b}}{3}$, where *a* and *b* are integers to be found.



	Question	Answer
	Skill Questions	
Group A	4) $\frac{10}{\sqrt{5}}$ 5) $\frac{20}{\sqrt{5}}$ 6) $\frac{20}{\sqrt{10}}$	1) $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$ 2) $\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}$ 3) $\frac{3\sqrt{2}}{2}$ 4) $2\sqrt{5}$ 5) $4\sqrt{5}$ 6) $2\sqrt{10}$ 7) $2\sqrt{2}$ 8) $\sqrt{2}$ 9) $-\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}$



Question	Answer
Skill Questions	
3) $\frac{2\sqrt{6}}{\sqrt{3}}$ 4) $\frac{30}{\sqrt{75}}$ 5) $\frac{5\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{5}}$	1) $\frac{3\sqrt{10}}{5}$ 2) $\frac{4\sqrt{30}}{3}$ 3) $2\sqrt{2}$ 4) $2\sqrt{3}$ 5) $2\sqrt{10}$ 6) $\frac{10\sqrt{14}}{7}$ 7) $2\sqrt{6}$ 8) $\sqrt{2}$ 9) $\frac{7\sqrt{15}}{5}$



	Question	Answer
	Skill Questions	
Group C	Rationalise the denominator: 1) $\frac{\sqrt{96} + \sqrt{24}}{\sqrt{5}}$ 2) $\frac{\sqrt{54} + \sqrt{24}}{\sqrt{5}}$ 3) $\frac{\sqrt{96} - \sqrt{24}}{\sqrt{8}}$ 4) $\frac{1}{2 + \sqrt{2}}$ 5) $\frac{1}{3 + \sqrt{2}}$ 6) $\frac{1}{3 - \sqrt{2}}$ 7) $\frac{5}{4 + 2\sqrt{3}}$ 8) $\frac{4\sqrt{10}}{3\sqrt{5} - 5}$ 9) $-\frac{2}{1 - \sqrt{3}}$	1) $\frac{6\sqrt{30}}{5}$ 2) $\sqrt{30}$ 3) $\sqrt{3}$ 4) $\frac{2-\sqrt{2}}{2}$ 5) $\frac{3-\sqrt{2}}{7}$ 6) $\frac{3+\sqrt{2}}{7}$ 7) $\frac{10-5\sqrt{3}}{2}$ 8) $\sqrt{10} + 3\sqrt{2}$ 9) $1 + \sqrt{3}$



	Question	Answer
	Applied Questions	
1)	(a) Rationalise the denominator: $\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$	(a) $\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3}$
	(b) Hence, or otherwise, simplify $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} + \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}}$	(b) $\frac{11\sqrt{3}}{12}$
2)	(a) Rationalise the denominator: $\frac{2\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{10}}$	(a) $\frac{4\sqrt{5}}{5}$
	(b) Hence, or otherwise, simplify $\frac{2\sqrt{8}}{\sqrt{10}} + \frac{3\sqrt{20}}{5}$. Write your answer as a single surd in the form $a\sqrt{5}$.	
3)	(a) Using Pythagoras' Theorem, find the value of x . x x x x 1 30° $\sqrt{3}$	(a) $x = 2$
	(b) Hence, write down the exact value of tan 30°.	(b) $\tan 30^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$



Rationalise the Denominator - Mark Scheme

	Question	Answer	
	Exam Questions		
1)	Rationalise the denominator: $\frac{3}{\sqrt{11}}$	$\frac{3\sqrt{11}}{11}$	(1)
2)	Rationalise the denominator: $\frac{6}{\sqrt{3}}$	$\begin{array}{c} \frac{6\sqrt{3}}{3} \\ 2\sqrt{3} \end{array}$	(2)
3)	Rationalise the denominator: $\frac{5\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{7}}$	$\frac{5\sqrt{14}}{a} \text{ or } \frac{5\sqrt{a}}{7}$ Fully correct answer $\frac{5\sqrt{14}}{7}$	(2)
4)	Simplify fully: $\frac{\sqrt{6}+12}{\sqrt{3}}$	$\frac{(\sqrt{6}+12)\times\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}\times\sqrt{3}}$ $\frac{\sqrt{18}+12\sqrt{3}}{3}$ $\frac{3\sqrt{2}+12\sqrt{3}}{3} = \sqrt{2} + 4\sqrt{3}$	(3)
5)	Simplify fully $\frac{(3\sqrt{2}+4)(3\sqrt{2}-4)}{\sqrt{11}}$	$(3\sqrt{2} + 4)(3\sqrt{2} - 4) = 18 + 12\sqrt{2} - 12\sqrt{2}$ Any two terms correct All four correct $\frac{2}{\sqrt{11}} = \frac{2\sqrt{11}}{11}$	(3)
6)	Rationalise the denominator: $\frac{10}{\sqrt{7}-2}$	$\frac{10 \times (\sqrt{7}+2)}{(\sqrt{7}-2)(\sqrt{7}+2)}$ Fully correct denominator 3 $\frac{10\sqrt{7}+20}{3}$	(3)



Rationalise the Denominator - Mark Scheme

7)	Show that $\frac{12+\sqrt{45}}{3\sqrt{5}-6}$ can be written as 13 + $6\sqrt{5}$.	$\sqrt{45} = 3\sqrt{5}$ $\frac{(12+3\sqrt{5})(3\sqrt{5}+6)}{(3\sqrt{5}-6)(3\sqrt{5}+6)}$ $(=\frac{36\sqrt{5}+45+72+18\sqrt{5}}{9})$ $\frac{117+54\sqrt{5}}{9} = 13 + 6\sqrt{5} \text{ as required}$	(3)
8)	Show that $\frac{3\sqrt{10}}{\sqrt{6}} - \frac{2\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{12}}$ can be written in the form $\frac{a\sqrt{b}}{3}$, where <i>a</i> and <i>b</i> are integers to be found.	Get a common denominator of $\sqrt{12}$ $\frac{3\sqrt{10} \times \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{6} \times \sqrt{2}} = \frac{3\sqrt{20}}{\sqrt{12}} \left(= \frac{6\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{12}} \right)$ $\frac{6\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{12}} - \frac{2\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{12}} = \frac{4\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{12}} \left(= \frac{4\sqrt{5}}{2\sqrt{3}} \right)$ $\frac{4\sqrt{5} \times \sqrt{3}}{2\sqrt{3} \times \sqrt{3}} \text{ (or correct attempt at rationalising their denominator)}$ Correct answer $\frac{2\sqrt{15}}{3} a = 2, b = 15$	(4)

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