

Area of a Triangle $\frac{1}{2}ab\sin(C)$ - Worksheet

Skill

Group A - Substitute into $A = \frac{1}{2}ab\sin(C)$

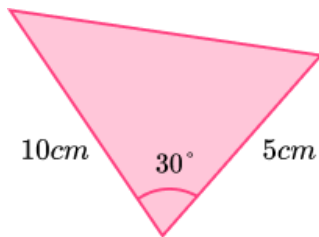
Substitute the values of a , b , and C into the formula $A = \frac{1}{2}ab\sin(C)$ and solve for A .

- 1) $a = 5$, $b = 8$, $C = 90^\circ$ 2) $a = 13$, $b = 12$, $C = 30^\circ$ 3) $a = 7.4$, $b = 11$, $C = 30^\circ$
 4) $a = 33$, $b = 41$, $C = 60^\circ$ 5) $a = 2\sqrt{2}$, $b = 3$, $C = 45^\circ$ 6) $a = 3\sqrt{3}$, $b = 10$, $C = 120^\circ$
 7) $a = 0.4$, $b = 0.8$, $C = 72^\circ$ 8) $a = 5\sqrt{2}$, $b = 3\sqrt{3}$, $C = 53^\circ$ 9) $a = 2.7$, $b = 3\sqrt{2}$, $C = 38^\circ$

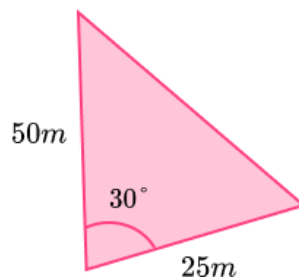
Group B - Calculate the area using $A = \frac{1}{2}ab\sin(C)$

Calculate the area of each triangle correct to 2dp. All diagrams not to scale.

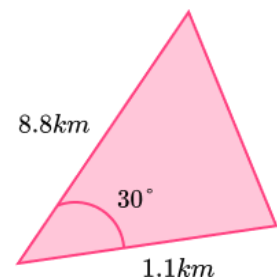
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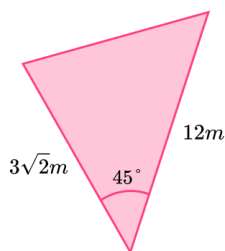
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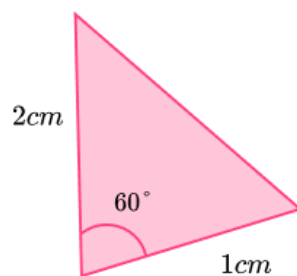
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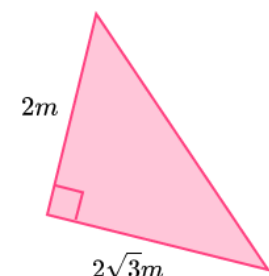
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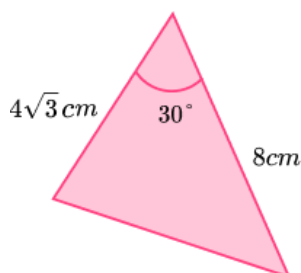
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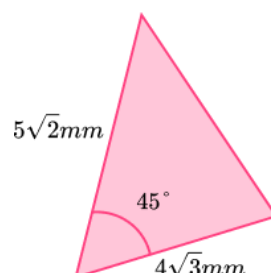
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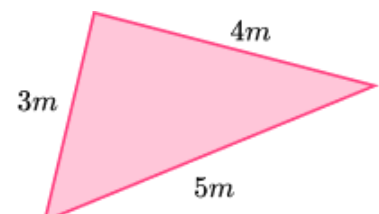
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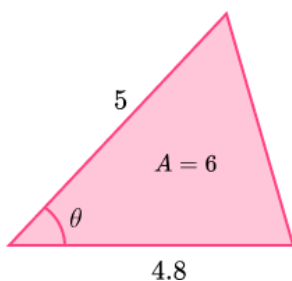
Area of a Triangle $\frac{1}{2}ab\sin(C)$ - Worksheet

Group C - Calculate a missing side or angle

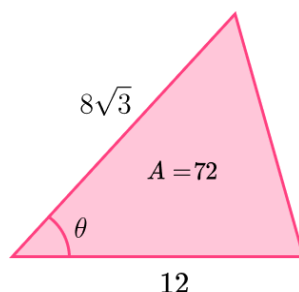
Use the two formulae to calculate the missing side or angle of the triangle. Write your answer to a suitable degree of accuracy. All diagrams not to scale.

$$\sin(C) = \frac{2A}{ab} \text{ and } b = \frac{2A}{a\sin(C)}$$

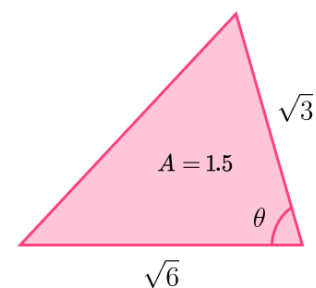
1)



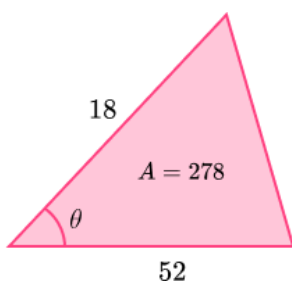
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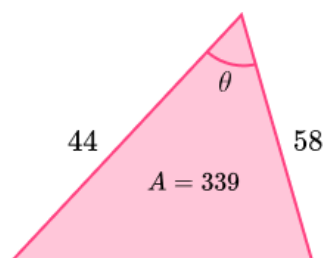
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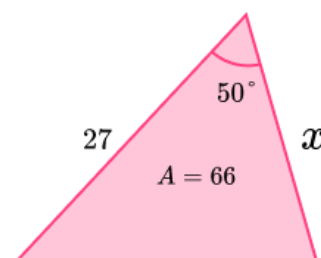
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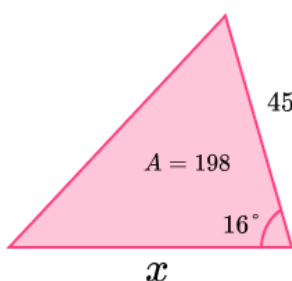
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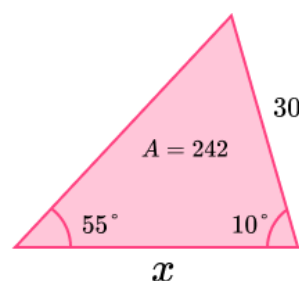
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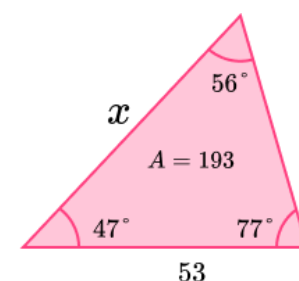
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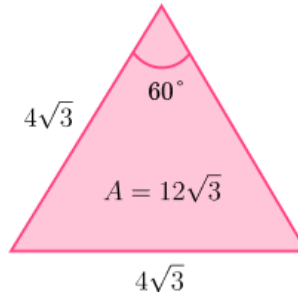
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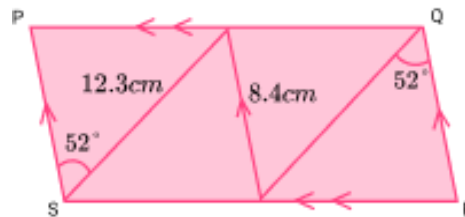
Area of a Triangle $\frac{1}{2}ab\sin(C)$ - Worksheet

Applied

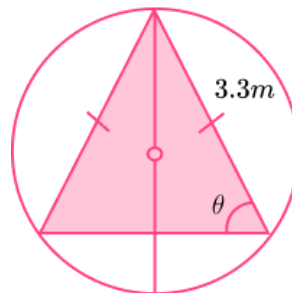
- 1) Prove that this triangle is equilateral.



- 2) Calculate the area of the parallelogram $PQRS$.



- 3) An isosceles triangle is inscribed inside a circle.

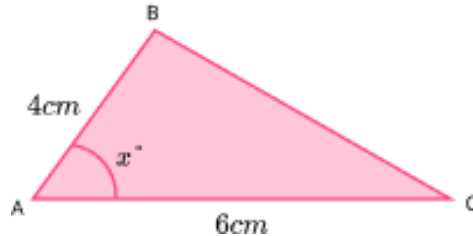


The area of the triangle is 3.2 m^2 .

Calculate the angle θ correct to 1 decimal place.

Area of a Triangle $\frac{1}{2}ab\sin(C)$ - Exam Questions

- 1) (a) Which expression represents the area of the triangle ABC?
Circle your answer.



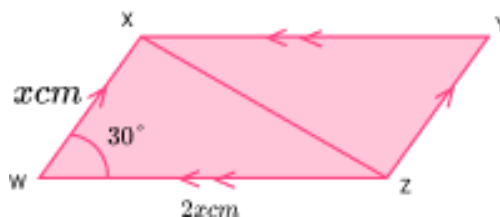
- | | |
|-------------|-------------|
| $24 \sin x$ | $12 \sin x$ |
| $24 \cos x$ | $12 \cos x$ |

(1)

- (b) The area of the triangle is equal to 9.829 cm^2 .
Calculate the value of x correct to 1 decimal place.

.....
(2)
(3 marks)

- 2) (a) Write an expression for the area of the parallelogram WXYZ.
Write your answer in its simplest form.



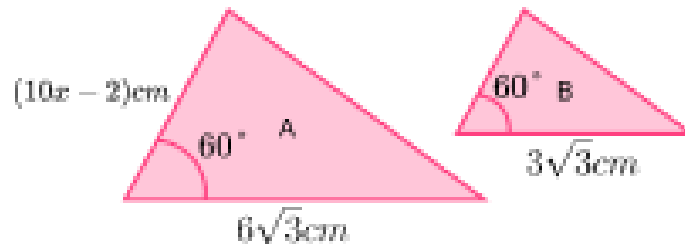
.....
(2)

- (b) The area of WXYZ is equal to 2500 cm^2 .
Calculate the value of x .

.....
(1)
(3 marks)

Area of a Triangle $\frac{1}{2}ab\sin(C)$ - Exam Questions

- 3) (a)** Triangles A and B are similar. Write an expression in the simplest form for the area of triangle A.



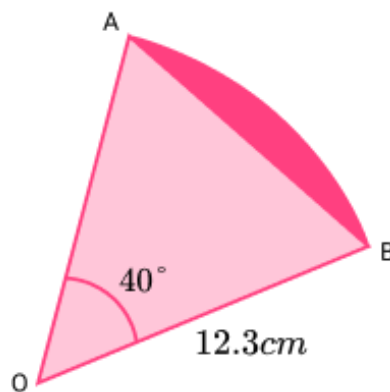
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(2)

- (b)** Hence or otherwise, find the area of B when $x = 5$.

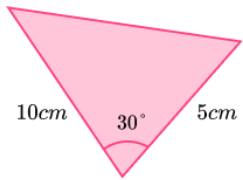
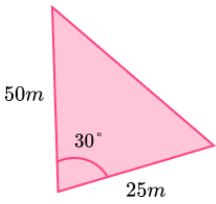
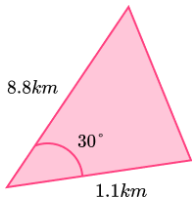
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(3)
(5 marks)

- 4)** The diagram shows the sector of a circle O, radius 12.3 cm . Work out the area of the segment AB, correct to 3 significant figures.

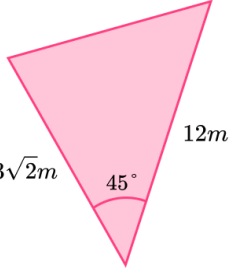
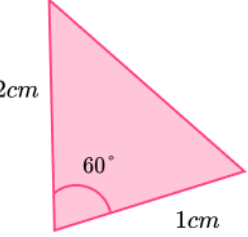
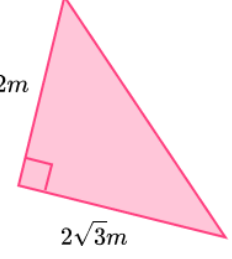
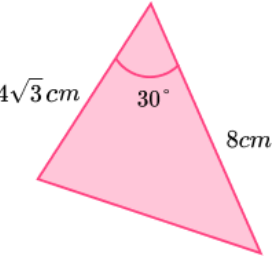
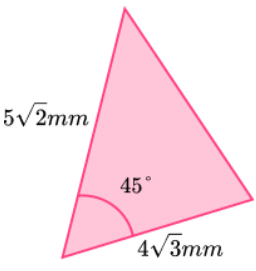
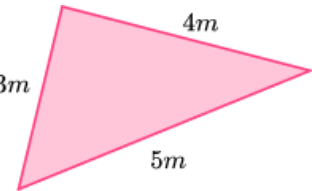
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(4 marks)



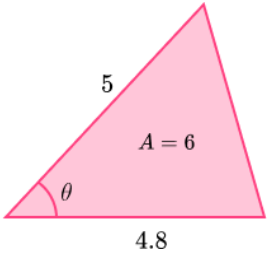
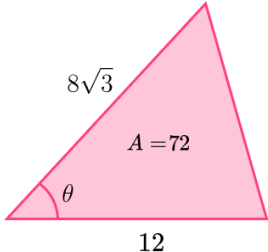
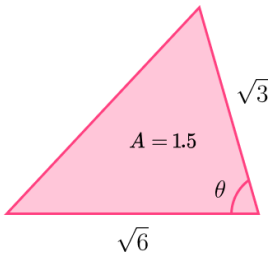
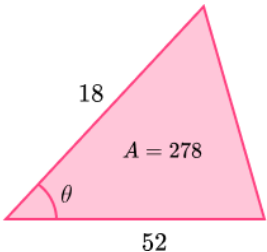
Area of a Triangle $\frac{1}{2}ab\sin(C)$ - Answers

| | Question | Answer |
|---------|---|--|
| | Skill Questions | |
| Group A | <p>Substitute the values of a, b, and C into the formula $A = \frac{1}{2}ab \sin(C)$ and solve for A.</p> <p>1) $a = 5, b = 8, C = 90^\circ$</p> <p>2) $a = 13, b = 12, C = 30^\circ$</p> <p>3) $a = 7.4, b = 11, C = 30^\circ$</p> <p>4) $a = 33, b = 41, C = 60^\circ$</p> <p>5) $a = 2\sqrt{2}, b = 3, C = 45^\circ$</p> <p>6) $a = 3\sqrt{3}, b = 10, C = 120^\circ$</p> <p>7) $a = 0.4, b = 0.8, C = 72^\circ$</p> <p>8) $a = 5\sqrt{2}, b = 3\sqrt{3}, C = 53^\circ$</p> <p>9) $a = 2.7, b = 3\sqrt{2}, C = 38^\circ$</p> | <p>1) $A = 20$</p> <p>2) $A = 39$</p> <p>3) $A = 20.35$</p> <p>4) $A = 585.87$</p> <p>5) $A = 3$</p> <p>6) $A = 22.5$</p> <p>7) $A = 0.15$</p> <p>8) $A = 14.67$</p> <p>9) $A = 3.53$</p> |
| Group B | <p>Calculate the area of each triangle correct to 2dp. All diagrams not to scale.</p> <p>1) </p> <p>2) </p> <p>3) </p> | <p>1) $A = 12.5 \text{ cm}^2$</p> <p>2) $A = 312.5 \text{ m}^2$</p> <p>3) $A = 2.42 \text{ km}^2$</p> |

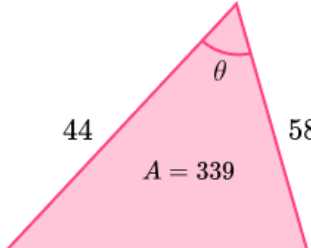
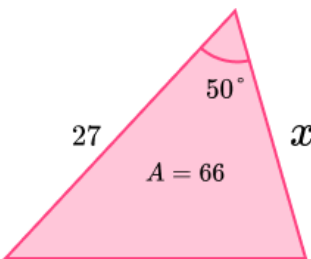
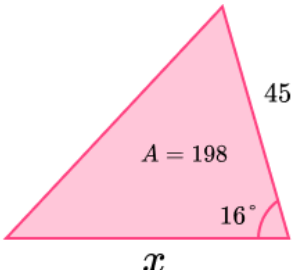
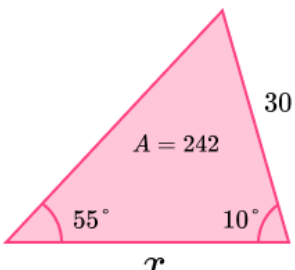
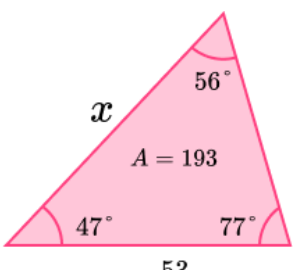
Area of a Triangle $\frac{1}{2}ab\sin(C)$ - Answers

| | | |
|------------------|---|--|
| Group B contd | <p>4)</p>  | <p>4) $A = 18 m^2$</p> |
| | <p>5)</p>  | <p>5) $A = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} cm^2$</p> |
| | <p>6)</p>  | <p>6) $A = 2\sqrt{3} m^2$</p> |
| | <p>7)</p>  | <p>7) $A = 8\sqrt{3} cm^2$</p> |
| | <p>8)</p>  | <p>8) $A = 10\sqrt{3} mm^2$</p> |
| | <p>9)</p>  | <p>9) $A = 6 m^2$</p> |

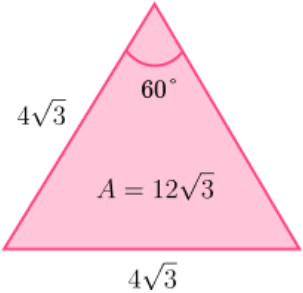
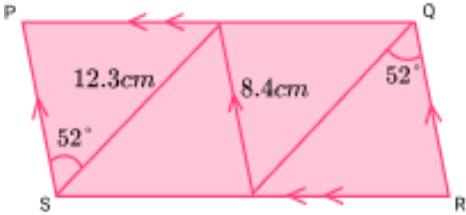
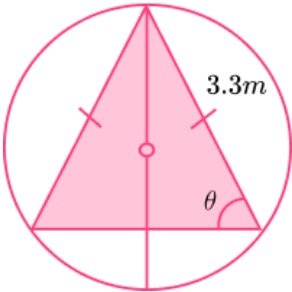
Area of a Triangle $\frac{1}{2}ab\sin(C)$ - Answers

| | | |
|-----------------------|--|--|
| <p>Group C</p> | <p>Use the two formulae to calculate the missing side or angle of the triangle. Write your answer to a suitable degree of accuracy. All diagrams not to scale.</p> $\sin(C) = \frac{2A}{ab} \text{ and } b = \frac{2A}{a\sin(C)}$ <p>1)</p>  <p>2)</p>  <p>3)</p>  <p>4)</p>  | <p>1) $\theta = 30^\circ$</p> <p>2) $\theta = 60^\circ$</p> <p>3) $\theta = 45^\circ$</p> <p>4) $\theta = 36.44^\circ$</p> |
|-----------------------|--|--|

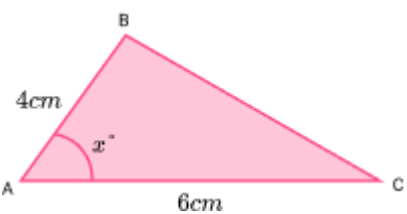
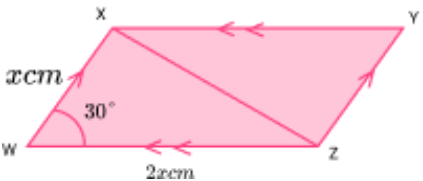
Area of a Triangle $\frac{1}{2}ab\sin(C)$ - Answers

| | | |
|------------------|---|---|
| Group C contd | <p>5)</p>  | <p>5) $\theta = 15.41^\circ$</p> |
| | <p>6)</p>  | <p>6) $x = 6.38$</p> |
| | <p>7)</p>  | <p>7) $x = 31.93$</p> |
| | <p>8)</p>  | <p>8) $x = 92.91$</p> |
| | <p>9)</p>  | <p>9) $x = 9.96$</p> |

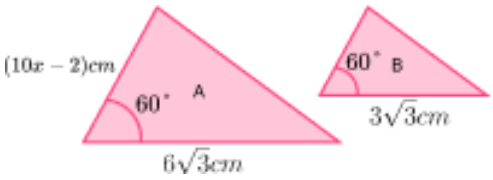
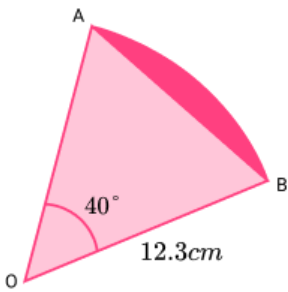
Area of a Triangle $\frac{1}{2}ab\sin(C)$ - Answers

| | Question | Answer |
|----|--|--|
| | Applied Questions | |
| 1) | <p>Prove that this triangle is equilateral.</p>  | $12\sqrt{3} = \frac{1}{2} \times 4\sqrt{3} \times 4\sqrt{3} \times \sin \theta$ $\theta = 60^\circ$ $180 - (60 + 60) = 60^\circ$ <p>All three angles are 60° Must be equilateral</p> |
| 2) | <p>Calculate the area of the parallelogram PQRS.</p>  | 162.83 cm^2 |
| 3) | <p>An isosceles triangle is inscribed inside a circle. The area of the triangle is 3.2 m^2. Calculate the angle θ correct to 1 decimal place.</p>  | $180 - 2\theta = \sin^{-1}\left(\frac{2 \times 3.2}{3.3 \times 3.3}\right)$ 72.0° |

Area of a Triangle $\frac{1}{2}ab\sin(C)$ - Mark Scheme

| | Question | Answer | |
|--------|---|---|--------------------|
| | Exam Questions | | |
| 1) (a) | <p>For the triangle ABC, which expression represents the area of the triangle?</p>  <p style="text-align: center;"> $24 \sin(x)$ $12 \sin(x)$ $24 \cos(x)$ $12 \cos(x)$ </p> | (a) $12 \sin(x)$ | (1) |
| (b) | <p>The area of the triangle is equal to 9.829 cm^2. Calculate the value of x correct to 1 decimal place.</p> | <p>(b) $\sin(x) = 0.819\dots$ $x = 55.0^\circ$</p> | <p>(1) (1)</p> |
| 2) (a) | <p>Write an expression for the area of the parallelogram $WXYZ$.</p>  <p>Write your answer in its simplest form.</p> | <p>(a) $2x^2 \sin(30)$ x^2</p> | <p>(1) (1)</p> |
| (b) | <p>The area of $WXYZ$ is equal to 2500 cm^2. Calculate the value of x.</p> | <p>(b) $x^2 = 2500$ so $x = 50 \text{ cm}$</p> | (1) |

Area of a Triangle $\frac{1}{2}ab\sin(C)$ - Mark Scheme

| | | | |
|-------------------|--|---|--|
| 3) (a) | <p>Triangles A and B are similar.</p>  <p>Write an expression in the simplest form for the area of triangle A.</p> | <p>(a) $\frac{1}{2} \times (10x - 2) \times (6\sqrt{3}) \times \sin(60)$ $45x - 9$ or $9(5x - 1)$</p> | <p>(1) (1)</p> |
| <p>(b)</p> | <p>Hence or otherwise, find the area of B when $x = 5$.</p> | <p>(b) Area of A = 216 cm^2 Area enlargement = $2^2 = 4$ seen Area of B = $216 \div 4 = 54 \text{ cm}^2$</p> | <p>(1) (1) (1)</p> |
| <p>4)</p> | <p>The diagram shows the sector of a circle O, radius 12.3 cm. Work out the area of the shaded segment, correct to 3 significant figures.</p>  | <p>$360 \div 40 = 9$ $\frac{\pi \times 12.3^2}{9}$ $\frac{\pi \times 12.3^2}{9} - \frac{1}{2} \times 12.3^2 \times \sin(40)$ 4.19 cm^2 (3sf)</p> | <p>(1) (1) (1) (1)</p> |

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